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WHOLE NO. 1894.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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BALL IS ROLLING

Delegates to Nominating Con-
vention Elected.

SURPRISE IN SOME PRECINCTS

Men Who Should Have
Been Elected Failed.

Attendance in Some Precincts
Very Good—In Others But
Few Turn Out.

The first gun in the '97 election cam-
paign was fired in Honolulu last night,
when the delegates to the Nominating
Convention were elected. As a rule,
the attendance was small, but in the
Second Precinct of the Fourth District,
it was very good. In this precinct 15
nominations were made, though an
attempt was made to close when six
had been nominated. T. F. Lansing
was wanted by his friends to be a
delegate, but some one foolishly had
him elected chairman of the meeting,
and as a result he had no opportunity
to work on the floor and was defeated
in consequence.

In T. B. Murray's precinct, he also
was made chairman of the meeting and
had to act as secretary and Enrollment
Committee as well. Being thus handi-
capped, Murray could not hold his pre-
dict and failed to be elected.

In the Fourth Precinct, Fourth Dis-
trict, the boys began "telegraphing"
on the first ballot, for when it was
counted, there was just one more bal-
lot than people at the meeting. In this
G. W. Smith was defeated, but as the
voting was irregular it was called off.
Willie King should have been sent as
a delegate from this precinct, but he
failed to make it. G. W. Smith, F. S.
Dodge and W. D. McBryde were the
lucky men.

In the Second Precinct some of the
successful men came in as a surprise.
Neither Robert Grieve nor S. B. Rose
have taken a great interest in politics
of late, but they were both returned as
delegates. This is where Mr. Lansing,
a really active man, failed. This was
clearly through mismanagement, as it
was intended to send him to the con-
vention.

From this time until the convention,
which takes place on the 15th, candi-
dates for legislative honors will crop
up on every street. The plan of cam-
paign is not yet organized, and except
in one or two instances local candi-
dates are unknown, except to the
"push." In Pearl City A. J. Campbell
and L. L. McCandless are anxious to
sit in the Legislature, and Campbell
succeeded in electing his man, Mike-
leini, as a delegate from Pearl City.
W. J. Lowrey, delegate from Ewa, is
not pledged to any one, but it is pos-
sible he will favor McCandless. The
latter has not given up hopes of his
nomination through defeat at Pearl
City. His brother, J. A. McCandless,
will be a delegate from his precinct,
and should work hard for Link.

The position of A. G. M. Robertson
is one of indifference, so far as the
nomination is concerned. He says he is
willing to run if the people want him,
but if they can fix up a slate without
his name he will be satisfied. Mr.
Robertson's record in the last House
was such that will warrant his being
returned again. He is young and intel-
ligent, and was one of the hardest
workers in the body, both in commit-
tee and on the floor. It is not at all
probable that he will be allowed to re-
main away from the next session. E.
C. Winston's name has not been men-
tioned, nor has Captain Cluney's, but
when the time comes their friends may
be heard from. There seems to be no
doubt that several independent candi-
dates will crop out after the conven-
tion has been held, in which case the
friends of the regular candidates will
have to work the harder to elect them.
Following is the list of delegates
who will sit in the Nominating Con-
vention:

FOURTH DISTRICT.

First Precinct—Government Nur-
sery. Two delegates: B. F. Dilling-
ham and F. A. Hosmer.
Second Precinct—Beretania. Street
School. Six delegates: J. A. Kennedy,
W. H. Hoogs, Robert Grieve, J. H.
Fisher, J. S. Martin and S. B. Rose.
Third Precinct—Nuuanu Water Gate.
One delegate: E. F. Bishop.

Fourth Precinct—Royal School.
Three delegates: G. W. Smith, Walter
McBryde and F. S. Dodge.
Fifth Precinct—Kapualwa Building.

Three delegates: J. A. McCandless,
E. Benner and C. B. Gray.
Sixth Precinct—Bell Tower. Three
delegates: Julius Asche, Ed Towse and
G. N. Day.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

First Precinct—Kaneohe. Two dele-
gates: William Henry and R. Mc-
Keague.

Second Precinct—Koolauloa Court
House. One delegate: W. K. Rath-
burn.

Third Precinct—Waiakua. One dele-
gate: Andrew Cox.

Fourth Precinct—Waiakua. One dele-
gate: Judge Kekahune.

Fifth Precinct—Ewa Mill. One dele-
gate: W. J. Lowrey.

Sixth Precinct—Manana Court
House. One delegate: E. B. Mikaleini.

Seventh Precinct—Reform School.
Two delegates: J. A. Low and W. R.
Sims.

Eighth Precinct—Tram Stables. Two
delegates: L. D. Kellipio and G. W.
Farr.

Ninth Precinct—Kauluwa School.
Two delegates: J. M. Poepeo and Geo.
R. Carter.

Tenth Precinct—Chinese Engine
House. Two delegates: O. Bergstrom
and J. C. Cluney.

MR. VIVAS DENIES

Portuguese Will Oppose
Restoration.

Prefer Republican Form of Gov-
ernment—Do Not Favor
Annexation.

"Because the Portuguese are taking
no interest in the coming election, be-
cause they are not howling for the an-
nexation of the Islands to the United
States in any way," said J. M. Vivas,
last night, "an afternoon paper calls
us Royalists. I think I know something
of the sentiments of the Portuguese,
although I may not be the 'would-be'
leader referred to.

"So far as the Portuguese are con-
cerned, not 1 per cent will favor res-
toration of the monarchy. They are
Republicans, every one, and would pre-
fer to see Hawaii retain its autonomy
if the Government was one of the
masses, which it is not. That is their
preference, but if Hawaii could be ad-
mitted to the Union as a State and they
were guaranteed a citizenship on tak-
ing the oath of allegiance to the United
States, I have no idea they would
oppose it. But the Portuguese do not
believe they would be given that right;
on the contrary, I have positive infor-
mation that they will be shut out, and
they prefer independence than to work
for a cause that would place them on
the same footing as Asiatics. Out of
the 700 Portuguese voters on this Is-
land, but 28 have registered. This is
simply because they do not like the
way things are being conducted.

"I am opposed to annexation, except
in some form that will put us on the
same footing with Americans, but I do
not believe the Islands will be an-
nexed for the next 20 years. Hawaii is
destined to be the hub of the Pacific,
and I can see no reason why we should
not have a good Government and an
independent one. If we are to profit so
much by the opening of the Nicaragua
Canal, why not let Hawaii have all the
benefits, instead of turning the coun-
try over to another Government? I
believe this country could get the sup-
port of every European power, from
Portugal to Russia, to assist in main-
taining its autonomy, and, feeling as I
do, why should I favor annexation, un-
less it be as a State?

"An afternoon paper says 'a would-
be leader' is influencing the Portuguese
toward a restoration of the monarchy.
I wish to nail that lie right here and
say that I came to this country as a
Republican just 18 years ago, and hav-
ing gotten rid of the monarchy, I nor
the members of the Portuguese colony
do not wish to see it restored.

"The majority of Portuguese are op-
posed to annexation, and I mingle with
them considerably more than the edito-
r who sits in his chair and writes of
Anglo-Saxon, dreams at night of An-
glo-Saxon, and eats food that is not
prepared by Anglo-Saxon, wears cloth-
ing not sewed by Anglo-Saxon, but
prates of the Anglo-Saxon until the
term has become a synonym for the
paper he edits. I think I know their
views better than he. I would dislike
very much to see Hawaii lose its au-
tonomy now, though in 1888 I wrote in
a Sentinel editorials in favor of such
a move, and at that time some of the
staunchest supporters of it today called
me a fool for my pains."

"Let me give you a pointer," said M.
F. Gregg, a popular conductor on the
Missouri Pacific Railroad. "Do you
know that Chamberlain's Colic, Chol-
era and Diarrhoea Remedy cures you
when you have the stomach ache? Well,
it does." And after giving this
friendly bit of advice, the jolly con-
ductor passed on down the aisle. It is
a fact that thousands of railroad and
traveling men never take a trip without
a bottle of this Remedy, which is the
best cure for bowel disorders in the
world. For sale by all druggists and
dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents
for Hawaiian Islands.

ASK FOR RULING

Secretary Gresham's Ruling Still
Holds Good.

ALLEGIANCE TO U. S. ABJURED

Men Not Citizens Here or
in United States.

Consul General Haywood Recog-
nizes the Ruling—Will Ask State
Department to Decide.

The death of the young attorney
brings to the front again the question
of effect the oath to the Hawaiian
Government may have upon a man
who holds allegiance to the United
States. During the Cleveland adminis-
tration Secretary Gresham ruled that,
when a man takes an oath that "he
will support the Constitution, laws and
Government of the Republic of Hawaii,
and will not, either directly or indi-
rectly, encourage or assist in the res-
toration or establishment of a mon-
archical form of Government in the
Hawaiian Islands" he signs away his
allegiance to the United States, if he
was, prior to such signing, a citizen
of that country.

Consul-General Haywood said after
Mr. Hawkins' death that if he had
taken the oath, and he had some doubt
about it, owing to the letter of deniza-
tion not having been issued, he could
not recognize him as an American citi-
zen and would not take charge of his
effects. Consul Haywood had a long
conversation with Minister Sewall re-
garding the matter, and together they
decided that Mr. Gresham's ruling
would have to be recognized until the
Supreme Court of the United States
would decide otherwise.

Yesterday it was decided that J. M.
Monsarrat would take charge of Mr.
Hawkins' trunk, etc., and send them
to his family in Gatesville, Texas, but
during the morning Consul-General
Haywood had another consultation
with Minister Sewall, and they decided
to put the Consulate seal on the trunk
and keep it in the Consulate until a
ruling can be had from the State De-
partment at Washington.

Among the lawyers, several are of
the opinion that the ruling of Sec-
retary Gresham will be overruled by
Secretary Sherman on the ground that
a man cannot lose his allegiance to one
Government until he becomes a citizen
of another. Not all of the Americans
who have taken the oath to the Re-
public are citizens in the sense that
they have the right of franchise. Hav-
ing in many cases arrived here after
the revolution of 1895 they are not en-
titled to special rights of citizenship,
which entitles the holder of such cer-
tificate to all rights of citizenship, in-
cluding voting. These certificates were
issued only to persons who assisted in
the formation of or in the mainte-
nance of the Provisional Government.
Men who came here less than seven
years prior to the establishment of the
Republic, and who did not assist in
maintaining the Provisional Govern-
ment, though they have taken the oath
to support the Republic, cannot vote
under the present Constitution.

As there are many such in the Is-
lands, staunch supporters of the present
Government, the decision of Secretary
Sherman will be awaited with consid-
erable anxiety, as they have been un-
der the impression that so long as they
have not been given the right of fran-
chise here they are still citizens of the
United States. People who took out
letters of denization during the mon-
archy will come under the same head,
even though they failed to renew them
under the present Government.

FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY.

Minister Cooper Has a Musicales
in Its Celebration.

Saturday last was the 40th anniver-
sary of the birth of Hon. Henry E.
Cooper, Minister of Foreign Affairs.
The event was duly celebrated by the
Minister at his residence, Paoa, in the
form of a musicale, which took
place in the evening, and was attended
by quite a number of prominent so-
ciety people. The spacious grounds
were illuminated with a large number
of colored lanterns, while the decora-
tions in the house were very beau-
tiful. What with palms and ferns,
tropical palm blossoms and red carna-
tions tastefully arranged in the differ-
ent rooms, a very pretty effect was ob-
tained and admired by those present.
Minister and Mrs. Cooper received
the guests in the main parlor after they
had been ushered in by Major Potter.

Messrs. A. St. M. Mackintosh and B.
L. Marx.

The program opened with a trio for
piano, violin and cello, played well by
Miss Walker, Messrs. Marx and Wray
Taylor. This was followed, after a
brief interval, by a song, effectively
sung by Mrs. A. F. Judd. Mr. Cooper
then manipulated his fine aeolian or-
gan with a selection which gave much
pleasure to all present. Later in the
evening he gave another selection, and
with Mr. Marx on the violin, he played
Handel's Largo and Rubinstein's Mel-
ody in F. Other numbers on the pro-
gram were a most excellent recitation
by Miss Cartwright, a charming song
by Mrs. Charles B. Cooper, and a piano
solo, Hawaiians airs by Miss Walker,
which was well played.

The program concluded, refresh-
ments, consisting of ice cream and
cake, punch, lemonade, jellies, etc.,
were handed around and were part-
aken of during social conversation.
The evening was a most enjoyable one
throughout.

Among those present were: Attor-
ney-General and Mrs. Smith, United
States Minister and Mrs. Sewall, Min-
ister and Mrs. Hatch, United States
Consul-General and Mrs. Haywood,
Rev. and Mrs. Alex. Mackintosh, Dr.
and Mrs. C. B. Cooper, Mrs. J. S. Mc-
Grew, Miss Clark, Chief Justice and
Mrs. Judd, Judge and Mrs. Frear, Mr.
and Mrs. Dillingham, Professor and
Mrs. Hosmer, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Mc-
Candless, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Boyd, Mr.
and Mrs. W. R. Castle, Miss Patch, Mr.
and Mrs. C. G. Ballentyne, Mrs. S. G.
Wilder, Mrs. Atkinson, Mrs. Jordan,
Dr. and Mrs. C. B. Wood, Dr. and Mrs.
F. R. Day, Dr. and Mrs. Andrews and
others.

DANCE AT ESKBANK.

Mrs. Wilder Entertains Messrs.
Albert and James Judd.

Mrs. Wilder gave a reception and
dance in honor of Messrs. Albert and
James Judd, at her Nuuanu home, Esk-
bank, last night. The house was pret-
tily decorated, palms, ferns and flow-
ers, with Japanese lanterns at var-
ious points, showing that a festive oc-
casion was in progress. The Quintette
Club was stationed in the hall and fur-
nished music for the dance, which took
place in the large drawing room. Re-
freshments were served at a late hour.
Besides the guests of honor, there were
present the following: Chief Justice
and Mrs. Judd, Dr. and Mrs. C. B.
Cooper, Mrs. Wight, Mr. and Mrs. A. J.
Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Walker,
Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Ballou, Mr. and
Mrs. E. R. Adams, Mrs. Phoebe Makee,
Mrs. H. Gunn, Miss Grace Clark, Miss
E. H. Stansbury, Miss Atkinson, the
Misses Ballou, Miss Fuller, Miss Dam-
on, the Misses Hartwell, Miss Roth,
Miss Lita Wilder, Miss Nellie White,
Miss Edith Eldridge, Miss Rowena
Dowsett, the Misses McIntyre, Miss
Mabel Woods, the Misses Ward, Miss
Love, Miss Belle Walker, Miss Cor-
delia Walker, the Misses Afong,
Messrs. Robert Atkinson, Whitted,
Brewster, Harney, H. W. Mist, R. W.
Shingle, J. Travis, J. T. Waterhouse,
Rodgers, Andrews, Wm. Love, Frank
McIntyre, Captain Goodman, Dr. Wise
and a number of others.

COVER UP SCRATCHES.

Danger in This Climate From
Blood Poisoning

"The death of a young man from
asplia pericarditis, caused indirectly
by a pimple, which he had picked,"
said a well-known physician yesterday,
"should be a lesson to people who al-
low such things to pass without at-
tention. A pimple on the body never
killed any one, but in this country the
flies that go from market and slaugh-
ter-houses are apt to light on cuts or
eruptions and blow them. In this cli-
mate these sores should be kept cov-
ered until they are well.

"I suppose that in the past two
months there have been 50 cases of
carbuncle in Honolulu, and these flies
that I speak of may be the cause of
many of them. Meat spoils in a warm
climate, and is thrown away, and the
flies breed in it promptly. It really
should make no difference how trivial
these pimples and scratches appear to
the person, they are apt to lead up to
something more serious and should be
taken care of. Only the other day a
young man came to me with his hand
very much swollen, the cause, he said,
being a scratch. I have no doubt in
my mind but the swelling was caused
by poison infused by a fly. If he had
not had it attended to when he did the
result have been serious."

STABBING AFFRAY.

Benson, a White Mechanic, Cuts
Uala, a Native.

There was another stabbing affray
early Sunday morning, this time in
the yard of a native by the name of
Uala, who lives in a small house near
the old Fish Market.
At about 2 o'clock Uala heard his
dog bark, and ran out of the house to
see what was the matter. He found
Benson, a white man employed in Cat-
ton & Neil's machine shop, in a rather
serious argument with the dog. He
told Benson to get out of the yard, as
he had no business there. The latter
answered back with curses, saying that
he would go wherever he pleased. Once
again he called to the man to go, but
receiving the same kind of reply went
and attempted to shove the man out.
Benson took a stone backwards, pulled
out his knife and cut Uala across the
abdomen, making a slash about a
foot or more and a quarter of an inch
deep. Uala jumped back, and as he
did so, Benson gave him another cut in

the arm. Uala jumped in, took the
knife out of the white man's hand and
held him at bay until the police, hav-
ing been summoned by a small boy,
arrived and took the fellow down.

A JUBILEE POEM.

Among the many poems inspired by
the celebration of the Queen's Jubilee
is the following by Rudyard Kipling,
which Sir Arthur Sullivan is setting to
music:

RECESSIONAL.

God of our fathers, known of old—
Lord of our far-flung battle-line—
Beneath whose awful Hand we hold
Dominion over palm and pine—
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,
Lest we forget—lest we forget!

The tumult and the shouting dies—
The captains and the kings depart—
Still stands Thine ancient Sacrifice,
An humble and a contrite heart.
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,
Lest we forget—lest we forget!

Far-called our navies melt away—
On dune and headlands sinks the fire—
Lo, all our pomp of yesterday
Is one with Nineveh and Tyre!

Judge of the Nations, spare us yet,
Lest we forget—lest we forget!
If, drunk with sight of power, we loose
Wild tongues that have not Thee in
awe—
Such boasting as the Gentiles use
Or lesser breeds without the Law—
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,
Lest we forget—lest we forget!

For heathen heart that puts her trust
In reeking tube and iron shard—
All valiant dust that builds on dust,
And guarding calls not Thee to
guard—
For frantic boast and foolish word,
Thy Mercy on Thy People, Lord!
Amen.

—RUDYARD KIPLING.

OWNED BY THE TRUST.

Big Coffee Roasting Plant Passes
to New Owners.

The Philadelphia Record said recent-
ly: The war between the Sugar Trust
and Arbuckle Brothers, the big coffee
roasters, which has carried the trust
into the coffee trade and the Arbuckles
into the mysteries of sugar refining, is
soon to be transferred in part to this
city. Some time ago the trust, in order
to strike at the Arbuckles, bought con-
trol of the Woolson Spice Company of
Toledo, Ohio, one of the largest coffee
houses in the country, and now it pro-
poses to convert the old Delaware sug-
ar house at Reed and Swanson streets
into a great coffee-roasting establish-
ment, from which the trade along the
Atlantic seaboard may be easily reached.

The old sugar house, which was for-
merly an independent refinery, was
purchased by the trust about the same
time that it secured control of the
Spreckels and Franklin refineries. For
some years it has been idle, its ma-
chinery being somewhat old-fashioned
and its capacity limited as compared
with the other big plants here. Recent-
ly a number of interior changes have
been made in it, and already two con-
signments of coffee have been deliv-
ered at the establishment for experi-
mental purposes. It is not likely, how-
ever, that active operations will be
started for some time to come, as all
the machinery needed has not been de-
livered yet. Much of it is to be im-
ported from Germany. When the
plant is completed, it will give employ-
ment to a large number of skilled
workmen.

The shipments of coffee will be made
direct to Philadelphia and will increase
the imports here in an entirely new
line. It has been many years since a
cargo of coffee was landed at this port,
this particular trade being almost ex-
clusively controlled by New York and
Baltimore capitalists.

Touche Southern Pacific.

FRANKFORT, Ky., August 18.—The
State Board of Valuation now in ses-
sion admit that they will carry out
their intentions to assess the franchise
tax against all corporations organized
in this State whether owning property
and operating here or not.

This catches the Southern Pacific
Railroad Company for this year and
five years past, and means that the
Board will demand of it 52½ cents
yearly on every \$100 of a franchise
valued up in the millions.

Piano House Sells Out.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The Times
says: It is reported that present mem-
bers of the piano manufacturing firm
of Steinway & Sons have consummated
a deal whereby the extensive business
of the concern passes into the hands of
an English syndicate. The price paid
was \$6,000,000.

England Says No.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 16.—
The peace negotiations between the
Embassadors of the Powers and Tewfik
Pasha, the Turkish Foreign Minister,
are at a complete standstill. This is
due to the refusal of Lord Salisbury
to allow a Turkish occupation of Thessa-
ly pending a partial payment of the
indemnity agreed upon. Lord Salis-
bury's objections are based upon a fear
that an occupation thus begun might
become permanent.

A young society man had a box party
at the Chinese Theater last night.



VERY GOOD BALL

For Four Innings, After That
it Was Uninteresting.

REGIMENTS WERE OUTPLAYED

Stars Put Up Good Game
Throughout.

Hennessy Not in His Usual Form
Saturday Afternoon—Two
Double Plays.

Ball playing with some of the members of the First Regiment Team requires too much exertion to be either pleasant pastime or a source of entertainment for the people who pay their admission to the grounds. The game on Saturday was a demonstration of this. The first two innings was as interesting as baseball can be made, but after that there was little in it for the public. Hennessy belonged in the hospital instead of the pitcher's box, for he was a sick man. His erratic work would have put any one but Gorman to rout, for it was in and out-curve, up and down-shoot without sign or signal, until poor Gorman was played out. But with all of this, Gorman had but two passed balls, fatal ones each. Kiley, who has always been considered an excellent and wise player, resorted to child's play when at the bat, and the umpire promptly called strikes on him. Gorman, Luhiwa and Kaanohi went through the game without an error: Kaanohi, who played left field, put four men out.

The Star team played a good game throughout. Hart managed to give 10 men bases on balls, but this may have been intentionally done. The Stars were first at bat, and Lishman sent a hot liner to Bower, who threw to first and put him out. Hart flew to left and Kaanohi made a neat running catch and put him out. Wilder met the same fate. Moore made first on a hot liner to Lishman, but was put out trying to steal second. Bower hit to right and McNichol muffed, but in stealing second Bower went out. Davis hit to center for a base, Gorman put out by Hart.

Mahuka flew out to Bower, Pahau hit to Moore and out; Pryce hit to left and made two bases. Bower fumbled the ball hit by Woods and let the batter get first. Koki hit to center for a base; McNichol hit to short and Koki went out at second.

Luhiwa went out at first, Hennessy fanned out and Scanlon went out at first on a hit to Pryce.

The third inning was a good one for the Stars, but bad for the Regiments. Bower's error gave Lishman a base, and Hart's hit to right advanced him to third. Scanlon muffed a ball batted by Wilder, and Lishman and Hart tallied. Mahuka made a two-bagger to left, Pahau sacrificed and Wilder came over the plate. Pryce hit to short and should have been fielded out by Davis, but he threw the ball home. Mahuka tallied, and then Pryce was caught napping. This error of Davis' gave the Stars two runs.

Kiley and Kaanohi flew out, Moore made a hit to third and stole second. Bower was given his base on balls and Davis put out at first.

In the fourth Koki got to first on a hit to center, McNichol took base on balls, Lishman hit past short for a base and Wilder hit to center for two bases and brought McNichol and Lishman home. Hart went out at the plate and Mahuka went out at first.

The balance of the game was very uninteresting, and it would have been better for the Regiment team if it had not been played. Following is the score:

STARS.									
	A.	B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.		
Lishman, ss.	5	3	1	1	3	1			
Hart, p.	6	3	3	1	4	0			
Wilder, c.	6	1	3	4	3	0			
Mahuka, 2b.	6	1	1	4	5	0			
Pahau, 1b.	4	1	2	11	1	1			
Pryce, 3b.	5	0	3	3	3	1			
Woods, cf.	5	0	0	1	1	0			
Koki, lf.	5	2	4	1	0	0			
McNichol, rf.	3	2	1	1	0	1			
Total	45	13	18	27	20	4			
REGIMENTS.									
	A.	B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.		
Moore, 2b.	5	0	3	6	5	1			
Bower, 3b.	3	1	0	3	2	2			
Davis, ss.	3	0	1	0	0	1			
Gorman, c.	3	1	0	5	0	0			
Luhiwa, rf.	4	1	0	0	1	0			
Hennessy, p.	4	1	0	0	6	1			
Scanlon, 1b.	4	1	0	9	1	1			
Kiley, cf.	2	1	1	0	2	1			
Kaanohi, lf.	1	1	1	4	0	0			
Total	32	6	6	27	17	7			

SUMMARY.
Earned runs. Stars 3. Regiments 1. Two base hits. Moore, Wilder, Mahuka, Pahau, Pryce, McNichol. Three base hits. Kiley, Wilder, Sacrifices. Bases. Pryce, Gorman, Stolen bases. Lishman, Moore, Bower, Gorman, Lishman, Moore, Bower, Pryce, Double play. Wilder and Pryce. Moore and Scanlon. Bases on balls. Off.

Hennessy, 1, off Hart, 10. Struck out: By Hart, 3. Passed balls. Gorman, 2; Wilder, 3. Wild pitch. Hart, 2. Left on bases. Stars, 9. Regiments, 9. Time of game. One hour and 45 minutes. Umpire. George Angus. Scorer. W. M. Blackley.

MCVEIGH IS AGAIN.

Board of Health Reinstates an Efficient Employee.

The friends of J. D. McVeigh, and there are a great many of them, are rejoicing over the fact that, on Saturday last Health Agent Reynolds gave it out that the best Superintendent of the Quarantine Station ever saw had been reinstated, and that he would return to his position on September 1st. Mr. McVeigh has been out of a position for several weeks, or ever since a quantity of opium was captured in the baggage of a certain Chinese immigrant by police authorities. At the time, it was claimed that McVeigh had had a hand in the smuggling of opium in to the country. McVeigh was suspended from duty, and for a while it looked as if another man might be appointed in his place.

At a recent meeting of the Board of Health, the medical members of that body stuck up for Mr. McVeigh. They did not believe him guilty. McVeigh himself had stated that the searching of the baggage of the immigrants was not in his, but in the hands of the Custom House authorities. His duties were to see to the fumigation of baggage and attend to various matters in connection with the station.

Nothing could be found against Mr. McVeigh, and so he has been reinstated.

COMING ELECTION

Nominations for Representatives on Maui.

Residents of the Island Indulge in Poi Suppers and Dancing. The Weather.

MAUI, August 28.—Maui's nominating convention for Representatives to next Legislature met at 10 a. m. Thursday (the 26th) in the Kahului Custom House. There were 11 gentlemen present, representing 15 delegates, 5 from Makawao, 4 from Hana, 3 from Wailuku and 3 from Lahaina and Molokai. Messrs. H. P. Baldwin, W. F. Pogue, D. C. Lindsay, Peter Noa and Antonio Fernandez were the delegates from Makawao; Messrs. E. H. Bailey, E. B. Carey and S. Kapu from Wailuku; J. W. Kalua held two of Lahaina's proxies, and Wm. Goodness the third, while L. W. Zumwalt cast four votes for the Hana people.

The five most prominent candidates before the convention were W. F. Pogue of Makawao, A. N. Kepolka and M. P. Waiwaiole of Wailuku, Sam Kaee of Hana and David Kahaulelio of Lahaina. After three ballots Messrs. Pogue, Kahaulelio and Kaee were nominated.

W. F. Pogue is the manager of Haleakala Ranch, and was a member of the last Constitutional Convention; David Kahaulelio is a Lahaina lawyer, and was also a member of the Constitutional Convention; S. Kaee is a Hana lawyer and was formerly District Magistrate. Hon. J. W. Kalua was the presiding officer of the occasion.

On Monday (the 23d) Sagata was committed for the murder of his child. During Thursday night (the 26th) he made a second unsuccessful attempt at suicide. He was taken to Honolulu Friday (the 27th) per steamer Kinan.

The poi supper, given by Mrs. H. B. Bailey of Makawao during the evening of the 21st was a most delightful event. Delicious Hawaiian dishes were served to the 50 or 60 guests seated on the spacious veranda. After supper there were songs and dancing.

Sheriff L. A. Andrews of Hilo has been in Wailuku during the week.

James Reed, an old Kamaaina of Makawao, died in Malulu Hospital during the 15th.

Mrs. J. N. Wright of Honolulu is a guest of Miss Smith of Pala.

D. B. Smith of Honolulu is at "Idlewild," Ollinda.

Mrs. Walter E. Shaw of Pala will give a dancing party this evening.

Miss Kate Watson of Maunaloa Seminary gave a tea during the afternoon of the 27th for the purpose of introducing Miss Eleanor Simpson of Ohio to Makawao ladies.

During Saturday night (the 21st) the police made a raid upon some rooms over a Makawao butcher shop and captured 11 gamblers, money and dominoes. They forfeited bail, each \$5.

Miss May Baldwin of Haku departed Monday (the 23d) for Oahu, intending to visit her sister, Mrs. Weddick, of Ewa.

Miss Schweizer of La Crosse, Wis., is being entertained by Mrs. W. O. Aiken of Hamakua.

Nahiku is the Klondyke of Maui just at present. The new coffee lands continue to have numerous visitors.

The H. C. Wright arrived during Monday (the 23d) with a large cargo of merchandise, consigned to Pala and Hamakuaoko Plantations.

The weather is warm and pleasant with enough dew to keep the grass green.

DECISIONS SENT OUT.

Supreme Court Receives Acknowledgments.

It was thought wise by the Justices of the Supreme Court to send copies of the last Report of its decisions, volume 10, to various State and university libraries. By the Alameda letters acknowledging their receipt, with thanks were received from the following: Harvard University, by Justin Win-

Library, by John H. Arnold, Librarian; Yale University, by A. Van Name, Librarian; Department of Justice, by James A. Finch, Librarian; Association of the Bar of New York, by W. J. C. Berry, Librarian; State Library of Pennsylvania, by Wm. H. Egle, Librarian; State Library of Vermont, by T. L. Wood, Assistant Librarian; State Library of Massachusetts, by C. B. Tillinghast, Librarian; State Library of Maine, by L. D. Carver, Librarian; State Library of New Jersey, by M. R. Hamilton, Librarian; State Library of Michigan, by Mary C. Spencer, Librarian.

More of these acknowledgments may be expected later. The Maine State Librarian, Mr. Carver, wishes to obtain a full set of Hawaiian reports and laws, and offers to maintain a permanent exchange of State reports and documents. The New Jersey Librarian, Mr. Hamilton says: "Why can't you send us a few back volumes to make a respectable show upon our shelves and possibly to have them quoted by our bar?"

Miss Spencer, State Librarian of Michigan, sends a copy of their catalogue of law books and offers to establish a system of exchanging reports. This arrangement has already been made with the Librarian of the State of Connecticut. The Massachusetts reports, it is said, are sent to the Hawaiian Foreign Office. The Court Library is not able to obtain copies without purchasing them out of their meager fund.

The Chief Justice, when abroad, inquired into the cost of completing the valuable reports of the United States Circuit Courts. They are now incomplete. The fund for the purchase of law books is only \$1,000, and much more is needed, in order to keep up the library.

"Meridith's Old Coat."

Society people will remember that when the Bennington was in port last time, William Hilary Alderdice was one of her officers, and that his play, "Meridith's Old Coat," was ably presented by local talent before a large audience in Independence Park Pavilion. It has been learned that Mr. Alderdice has sold his production to a New York theatrical manager for the sum of \$3,000.

A REMARKABLE CURE OF CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

In 1862, when I served my country as a private in Company A, 167th Pennsylvania Volunteers, I contracted chronic diarrhoea. It has given me a great deal of trouble ever since. I have tried a dozen different medicines and several prominent doctors without any permanent relief. Not long ago a friend sent me a sample bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after that I bought and took a bottle; and now I can say that I am entirely cured. I cannot be thankful enough to you for this great Remedy, and recommend it to all suffering veterans. If in doubt, write me. Yours gratefully, HENRY STEINBERGER, Allentown, Pa. Sold by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

DETROIT JEWEL STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.	
1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.	
EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.	
1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil;	
1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.	
CITY JEWEL RANGE.	
2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.	
WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.	
2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.	
MODERN JEWEL STOVE.	
3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.	
MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.	
2 sizes. No. 7 and No. 8.	

W. W. DIMOND
HONOLULU.

Your Stock

Will do better on
FIRST-CLASS FEED.

HAY AND GRAIN

BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the
VERY LOWEST PRICES.

CALIFORNIA FEED COMPANY

Nuuanu and Queen Streets.

TELEPHONE 121.

WICKER CHAIRS and COUCHES

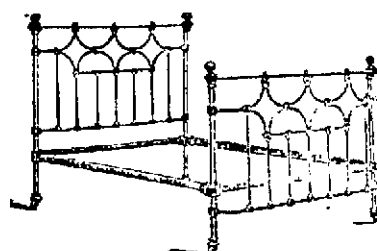
WE have just received a large and varied assortment of new style wicker furniture suitable for rooms or verandas.

We are Selling

them at very low prices.

These may be stained any color required to match other furniture in the house. Plush cushions made to order to fit any furniture desired.

PRICES are LOW!



We have also in stock a large number of those handsome white enamelled bedsteads—single or double. These are very cheap and servicable. The price will astonish you.

J. HOPP & CO.

Furniture Dealers.

KING AND BETHEL STREETS.

Metropolitan Meat Company

No. 507 KING ST.
HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

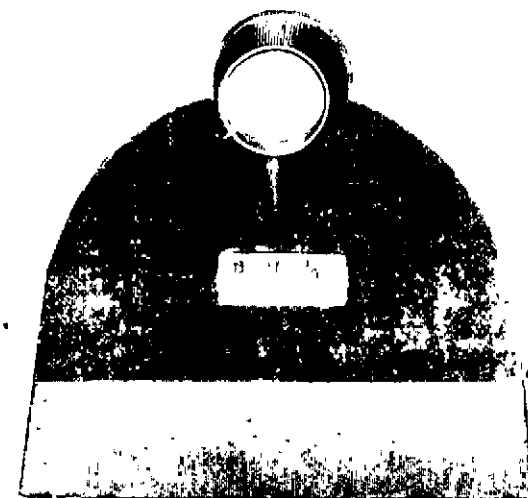
G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.
Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

THE NEW IMPROVED

Planters' Hoe



SOLID CAST STEEL, EYE AND BLADE FORGED ENTIRE.—OIL TEMPERED.

This Hoe is made specially for the PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., and is pronounced the best Planters' Hoe that has ever been used in the country.

A large assortment of new goods just received by the

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

HOLLISTER & CO.

Tobacconists,

Cor. Fort & Merchant Sts.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Havana Cigars

FROM THE FACTORIES OF

La Intimidad,
La Espanola,
La Africana,
Henry Clay & Bock & Co.

California Fertilizer Works

OFFICE: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.
FACTORIES: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

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Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH, FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC.

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation. The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

Write for Samples And Compare Prices!

We have a country order department that will attend to your wants and save you anywhere from 25 to 50 cents on every dollar.

NEW GOODS

Are coming forward by every steamer and are being "Distributed all over the Islands."

A single yard or article at wholesale prices.

Queen Street, Honolulu. **L. B. KERR**

FEAR HIS POWER

Effort to Break Chamberlain's Influence.

NOW LEADS UNIONIST PARTY

Accused of Dishonorable Conduct.

Consternation Over Bombs Thrown in Constantinople and in Paris.

NEW YORK, August 14.—A World cable from London says: A coterie of influential old-fashioned Tories, led by Lord Londonderry, is making a most determined effort to break down Joseph Chamberlain's domination of the Unionist party. It was made clear in the past session of Parliament that the Unionist party is steadily gravitating toward his leadership.

Mr. Chamberlain is by far the ablest, cleverest man in the House of Commons since Mr. Gladstone's retirement, eclipsing Mr. Balfour and "bossing" the Unionist party on all important questions of policy. The Tories dislike and distrust him as an interloper, and resent his forcing down their throats modified editions of radical measures as the only feasible Tory policy.

The suggestion is made by one of them that he be assailed and driven out of public life for dishonorable conduct in connection with the Jameson raid and his championship of Cecil Rhodes. As this attitude was taken by Mr. Chamberlain to square with the avowed sentiment of the Tories, their animus toward him is apparent.

He treats their attacks with assumed indifference, but it is more than suspected that they have their origin among his own Cabinet colleagues. The Tories cannot get rid of him any way, for he will change his policy to suit every passing popular breeze, and whatever policy he adopts he can advocate it with more effect than any of them.

BOMBS IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

Explosions Were Attributed to Armenians.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 18.—The city is almost in a panic over the bomb explosions attempted or accomplished this afternoon at three different places. The explosions are attributed to the Armenians.

At 3 o'clock a bomb was thrown just outside the Police Headquarters in Pera District. It failed to explode. Almost at the same moment an Armenian, whose name, it is believed, is Garaybel, was arrested at the Imperial Ottoman Bank in the Galata District. He was carrying a package of explosives, which he was trying to ignite.

A bomb was exploded in a private road between the Vizierate (offices of the Grand Vizier) and the Council House. One man was killed and several others injured. The explosion shattered windows in the vicinity and did other slight damage. The police have made a number of arrests.

Reports of the explosion spread quickly and caused great excitement. The police and the guards at the Sultan's palace are taking extraordinary precautions tonight, which has given color to a rumor that the bomb throwing is part of the widespread plot. The most abject terror prevails in the precincts of the palace.

TO SHUT OUT ANARCHISTS.

The Sort of Immigration to Be Discouraged.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—Commissioner Powderly of the Immigration Bureau has sent the following letter of instructions to immigration officials at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Quebec relative to the anticipated arrival in this country of Spanish anarchists:

"Information has reached this bureau that one Planas, a leader of the Spanish anarchists, has been expelled from France, being conducted to Havre, from which port it is expected he will sail to the United States. I am also advised that Terrida Marmol, another Spanish anarchist, is believed to have gone to England, and probably is en route to this country. A careful inspection should be made of arriving passengers, in order that should any of this class be detected a careful examination can be had as to their right of admission into the United States under existing laws.

INSTRUCTION BY MAIL.

How the Cosmopolitan University Will Be Carried on.

ST. PAUL, Minn., August 14.—John Brisben Walker spoke freely today about the university which he is to found and of which Dr. Andrews, lately president of Brown University, is to be the first executive. The university is to be entitled the Cosmopolitan University, and work will be commenced in October. The work is to be carried on entirely on the Chautauqua correspondence plan. Dr. Andrews has already begun work, appointing the following members of the advisory board of 10: Spencer Trask, the well-known banker of New York, President McAlister of the Drexel Institute, Philadelphia; Albert Shaw, American editor of

the Review of Reviews, Gen. Thomas Thomas, a prominent railroad man, and George F. Seward, president of the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York. A feature will be that there will be no payment of fees of any kind on the part of the students.

BELIEVES ANDREE HAS FAILED.

Opinion of the Curator of the Royal Geographical Society.

NEW YORK, August 17.—The World's London cable says: John Cowles, curator of the Royal Geographical Society, said today concerning the various reports about Andree and his balloon: "Anything regarding Andree is necessarily conjecture. We have no ground for losing hope of his ultimate safety. Andree is a man of infinite precaution. His balloon is made of the best material and his supplies are sufficient to last him for a long period. Our faith in him was increased by his exhibition of sublime moral courage last year in not starting when the wind was unfavorable.

"Previous to his departure, Andree consulted me and asked me to urge all possible objections. I see nothing impracticable in his theory, though it is certain that his proposed plan of reaching the North Pole has failed or we should have had advice ere this. I think he must have landed in some remote part of Siberia. Notices have been sent to the natives describing his balloon and assuring them that it is nothing supernatural, but merely sails the air as ships sail the sea. I will not abandon hope, even though nothing should be heard of him for several weeks."

VOLCANIC LAKE ACTIVE.

Crater Long Extinct Shows Signs of Life.

VANCOUVER, B. C., August 13.—Captain Cooper of the steamer Courser, one of the best-known navigators in British Columbia, who has for years made frequent trips between New Westminster and Harrison Lake, states that there is every sign at the lake of a renewal of volcanic activity long deemed extinct in that region, though the mineral hot springs of Agassiz on the lake are undoubtedly of volcanic origin. The captain describes the lake as a mass of muddy ferment, which he can only attribute to volcanic effort.

Captain Peele, the Government meteorologist at New Westminster, and one of the ablest scientists of the province, has long held the opinion that a renewal of volcanic activity on a greater or less scale might be expected near the Agassiz hot springs on Harrison Lake. He goes so far as to say that a disastrous far-reaching eruption is within the bounds of possibility. He supports Captain Cooper's opinion that the influence of volcanic action on gold upheaval, may have a practical effect on the fortunes of the Harrison Lake mining district.

JAPAN'S NEW BOAT.

Fastest Battle Ship Afloat It Is Said.

WASHINGTON, August 17.—Officers of the Navy Department were much interested today in the report of the trial trip of the Yashima, the new Japanese battle-ship built in England. She is the fastest battle-ship afloat, and it is claimed from the showing made on her trial trip that she is one of the greatest fighting machines ever built.

She is 372 feet long, with 72 feet beam and 26.3 feet draught and has 12,400 tons displacement. Under one-half air pressure for four hours she made 19.22 knots and for a single hour 19.6 knots. She has the very best armor, ranging in thickness from 18 to 14 inches. Naval officers say that there is no equal to her in point of speed, and while there is some discussion as to the amount of coal she will consume, there seems to be no question as to her splendid type.

Reciprocity With France.

WASHINGTON, August 16.—Since the new tariff act went into operation negotiations have been in progress between the Secretary of State and the French Ambassador here, looking to the formulation of a new agreement between the two countries on the basis of reciprocal tariff concessions under the authority conferred by section 3 of the tariff act. It has been finally agreed that Secretary Sherman, Assistant Secretary Howell of the Treasury Department and the French Ambassador shall join in a conference on the subject in the near future, and it is fully expected that a new and satisfactory agreement will be reached.

Senator George Dead.

JACKSON, Miss., August 14.—A telegram received this afternoon from Mississippi City, the Gulf coast summer resort, announces the death of United States Senator James Z. George at 2 p. m. Senator George journeyed from his home at Carrollton to the Gulf about 10 days ago and hoped the change would benefit him, and it was thought that it had until the news came today of the relapse. For months the Senator had been suffering with a weak heart, due to his advanced age and accelerated by years of hard and constant work.

China's Indemnity Loan.

LONDON, August 17.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times says: "I hear on good authority that Sheng-tai-jen has received the approval of the Tsung-li Yamen to the preliminary contract for the indemnity loan of \$16,000,000 sterling (\$80,000,000) which the Hooley syndicate will undertake. Mr. Morgan, for an American syndicate, is offering to advance the funds on the security of the liken in the King provinces and certain railway receipts.

Revolt in Brazil Growing.

NEW YORK, August 18.—A Sun cable from Pernambuco says: The revolt of religious fanatics in the State of Bahia which began in December last, is becoming very serious, despite the Government's persistent efforts to quell it. Further bodies of troops will be dispatched from here tomorrow to reinforce those already in the field.



TORU HOSHI, THE JAPANESE MINISTER.
Minister Hoshi, who has protested for Japan against the annexation of Hawaii to the United States, is 46 years of age and an able diplomat. He was educated in England and America and is well qualified for his present post.

Water Tanks;

—The kind that do not shrink. We have them in all sizes; from 500 to 5,000 gallons, and larger ones we can get on short notice. Do not place an order for a tank without getting our prices: It will pay you to do so. Ask for a circular showing cut of Tank and giving prices and full information as to size and weight of each tank.

If you wish a **WINDMILL** to fill a tank with, we can furnish you the well known **PERKINS** in any size. Ask Mr. W. W. Dimond what he thinks of the "Perkins" Mill he has on his ranch at Niu.

We also have **PUMPS** of all sizes; from the small Lifting Pump to a large Wind Mill Pump; also Ship and Deck Force Pumps.

E. O. HALL & SON, Ld.

The Spalding-Robbins 4-Disc Plow.

"Hilo Sugar Company.
"Wainaku, Hilo, Hawaii, July 3, 1897.
"T. J. King, Agent, Spalding-Robbins Disc Plow, Honolulu:
"Dear Sir:—I have used your Four-Disc Plow in plowing long raton land, and it did its work very effectively, breaking up the land much more than our ordinary plows, and leaving it in better condition.

JOHN A. SCOTT,
Manager.

HENRY WATERHOUSE & Co.

Insurance Agents, German-American Insurance Co. of New York.
Plantation Agents, Union Assurance Society of London.
Commission AND GENERAL BUSINESS AGENTS.

We represent numerous individuals who live in Honolulu or on the other Islands, and it is our purpose to please our patrons at whatever cost to ourselves. If you desire responsible agents to look after your interests, and at a reasonable commission, we shall be pleased to interview you personally, or give immediate reply to correspondence on the subject.

ALEX. CHISHOLM. J. J. COUGHLIN.

The Manufacturing Harness Co.

Telephone 228. FORT & KING STS. P. O. Box 322.

Our Hand Made HAWAIIAN SADDLE!
With Genuine Hawaiian Tree.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hand Stamped Belts!

FULL LINE OF HARNESS HARDWARE.
Bridles, Collars, Sponges and Horse Boots,
Oils, Dressings, Whips, Robes, Etc.

We carry none but the BEST GOODS—OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfleger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.,

IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Flashes, Grapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT.
Silestas, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Mole skins, Meitons, Serge, Kammgarns, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining & Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc.
American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Caustic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.
Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.
Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (18 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates.
Railroad Steel Sleepers.
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As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test the value.

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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1897

A TOURIST'S LETTER.

The letter from a "Tourist" published elsewhere, shows the interest taken in us by the people in the Fatherland. Charmed as he is, with the soil, and air, and hospitality, he naturally infers that pretty much everything is charming here, or ought to be, and he suggests that the interesting details of our social and political evolution, should be more widely published in the States. He refers to the deep interest formerly taken in us, by the "good people" of the United States, and observes that now "the first and only colony is almost without human interest to the parent country." He justly comments on the singular honesty and intelligence in the administration of public affairs, and believes it is equal to that of any community in the States. He notices the gradual improvement in the contract system of labor. But he is rather surprised that we do not make known to our American friends, the interesting details of our curious social and political evolution.

"Tourist" makes a score of points which cover broad ground. Since 1820, there have been two periods of Hawaiian history. The first covered mainly the contact of the missionary with the native. It was regarded by the people of New England, and of some other States as the most successful gospel work of the early part of the century. Its history even fascinated the children. In 1863, the dominance of the American Mission, voluntarily ended, and for reasons which need not now be given, there was after that a tendency on the part of the natives to revert to heathenism. The Roman Catholic Church made great advances, and now embraces a majority of them. But the story is no longer fascinating or romantic to the New Englander.

The Industrial period began, after the passage of the Reciprocity treaty. The planters, and the foreign community behind them, grappled with the difficult problems of sugar making. Instead of relying upon the limited and uncertain native labor, they made the perilous venture of developing the sugar industry with great energy, and began the importation of alien laborers of three or more races, without taking into account the fact that a human being is a "unit" in any political system, and sooner or later the "units" fall into line and make startling figures. There is a marvellous development of the industrial period. But its history, like the history of nearly all commercial and industrial developments, has its hard side. Trade looks steadily at the North Star of the dollar, not towards the East, to the sign of the Cross. As it is elsewhere, so it is here. The true history of the industrial period, up to the present, should be full of rich material for the political student, but it will not interest the general reader.

Nor will the general reader be interested in that uneventful history of our independent judiciary, which has been our chief mainstay, and the rock against which the waves of popular ignorance have broken and died. Here the political students will find curious and valuable material.

The last census is a chart showing the shoals we are in. It is also full of interrogation points, of very ugly questions regarding our own patriotism. We do not wish them asked, but the people of the United States are asking them, like the

annoying attorneys who delight in "cross-examinations."

The really interesting part of our social and industrial development, "Tourist" will see, covers the relations of many "inharmonious" races, who have, so far, dwelt together in general peace, and, under certain conditions will continue to do so. The story about the points of contact, would make, as Horace Greely said, "mighty interesting reading" for the political student. But the fascinating story of the early days, whether true or partially true, the story that commanded the love and support of Americans from the Senate to the cabin is ended. And the other story—is not yet told. Here then, is the reason why "the first and only colony is almost without human interest to the parent country."

AN "EXCLUSION" FARCE.

The American Congress, during the last Winter's session, passed an immigration law, which President Cleveland vetoed. It provided, among other things, that Canadian laborers should not be allowed to enter the United States, under certain conditions. It struck at the many Canadian farmers living near the border line, who live at home and work, during the Summer months in the States. Congress believed that it did a clever thing. It did not want any "brotherhood of man" principles, but simply "business principles" to infest the long strip of border land. The proposed law would have made great distress among thousands of honest laborers, if that unhappy victim of remorse, President Cleveland, had not had the wisdom to veto it.

Suddenly the marvelous gold fields of Klondyke are discovered on Canadian territory. The Canadians too have an immigration law. But Brother Jonathan wants to get at the gold. He softens at once towards the Canadian. He politely calls on him, puts his hat on the floor, wipes his brow, asks his Canadian neighbor if he and his family are to be well, and proceeds. "I guess I was a little previous in histing that air immigration bill through Congress. I didn't mean no harm, but them boys called the Labor Unions kinder hustled me too fast. I don't take much stock in that Cleveland feller, but I guess he was about right in stoppin' that law. I haint always as I mighten to be. Hope will be neighborly, and not bother the boys when they run over and scratch for a little gold on your farm. Times is sort of hard."

And the Canadian in a friendly sort of British way replies. "Come over neighbor and bring the boys. I know you wanted to help yourself by making many thousands of my poor neighbors poorer than they are. You wanted to build up a Chinese wall and divide off the Anglo-Saxon race on this continent. The 'fat prophet' as the N. Y. Sun calls him, stopped you. It is all right. Bring the boys over."

Uncle Sammy puts on his hat, shakes hands, walks out very meekly, and whispers to himself, "I came near being left in that deal."

The moral of it is, as Bre'r Rabbit said to Bre'r Fox, "before you build up a high fence, look over and see if there are any fat chickens in your neighbor's roost."

A CURE FOR DROUTH.

Dr. Harris, National Commissioner of Education, in Washington, D. C., recently showed to us, the translation of a decree issued by an Alcalde in San Salvador, which was secured by a correspondent of the Smithsonian. It may interest the people of Hawaii, whose crops are suffering from the drouth. The proclamation shows that the ignorant Spanish authorities in some parts of South America, and the Chinese take the same

curious views regarding the relations of man to the supernatural world, and the power of man to control events.

We abbreviate some portions of the decree:

Whereas, There has been no rain in this province of Caciquas for over two years, and "the Supreme Creator has been behaving badly towards our people," we now decree:

1st. That if no rain falls within eight days, no one will be permitted to go to mass.

2d. If no rain falls within eight days after that time, the furniture of the churches shall be broken up.

3rd. If no rain falls within eight days after that, some of the priests and nuns will be beheaded.

4th. Until rain falls, no one shall be punished for any crime.

We do this "in order to show the Supreme Creator what sort of people he is dealing with."

Abundant rain fell within four days, and the faith of the ignorant people in the power of the Alcalde is now unlimited.

WHO ARE THE PEOPLE?

"Not only the inevitable, but the best power this side of the ocean is the unfettered common sense of the masses. Institutions, as we are accustomed to call them, are but paste-board and intended to be, against the thought of the street. Statutes are mere mile-stones, telling how far yesterday's thought had traveled; and the talk of the sidewalk of today is the law of the land. You may regret this; but the fact stands; and if our fathers foresaw the full effect of their principles, they must have planned and expected it. With us, law is nothing, unless behind it stands a warm, living public opinion. Let that die or grow indifferent, and statutes are waste paper, lack all executive force. You may frame them, as strong as language can make them; but once change public feeling, and through them or over them ride the real wishes of the people. The good sense and conscience of the masses are our only title-deeds and police force."

These are the words of a great American orator, who predicted the fall of Slavery and was laughed at for it. The South, secure in the control of the government, smiled and defied him. The Northern Democracy with business interests behind it, the old Whig party now the Republican party, said, "what ravings, what an impracticable man." He, standing on the hill top, saw the silent gathering of the "masses," and the bayonet glittering among the wheat blades.

Who then make up the "masses," in any State or community? Are they the selected few, who by superior energy, contrivance or even force, manage to rule? Not in a democracy, for its pendulum of opinion swings from the perfect man if there is one, to the most ignorant. In America the most depraved, ignorant, fetish worshipping negro, living like a muskrat on the banks of the Mississippi, makes up, in common with President McKinley or John W. Foster the "mass" of American citizenship.

What statesman here, during the last thirty years, believing in this simple axiom of wisdom, proclaimed the truth that here, the masses, however made up, must in the end, rule the country? That in the end, nationality or color or religion do not count, and that "limitations" and "expedients" and "provisions" must, in the long run, even though it be a century, go down before the masses? Did he foresee that the immigrants of every nationality bound by contract labor, would be the law makers of the future?

The Present, looking only for gain, sees peace and prosperity and is contented. The old farmer, watching his mill dam, and the peaceful pent up waters said, "there is no danger, it has stood for years." But the water had, for a quarter of a century, been sending out its rills, like silk threads, through the crevices, and these piloted the great volume through the barrier, and it gave way. The farm "changed hands."

The "masses" here, like the peaceful pond, quietly and unconsciously send our little rills of political thought through the crevices

of the barriers, and contrivances, which the "superior race" has constructed to keep them back. In the end, the obstructions or contrivances fail, and the masses break the barrier. That is, they then rule. Who are the "masses" here? It is a curious question.

LAW REPORTS.

The Justices of the Supreme Court have sent as it is stated elsewhere, a number of the volumes of the Hawaiian Reports to the Court and Bar libraries of the States, and they are received with favor. The common law applied to, as grafted on the unwritten Polynesian law, by our Courts, excites great interest among law students. Whenever these Islands become a part of the States, the decisions contained in these reports will have the same value and the same authority as the decisions of the State and Territorial Courts. The laymen never appreciate the value of complete law libraries, and the judges and lawyers usually make a hard fight for appropriations. If R. L. Stevenson wrote law books, and compiled Reports, the laymen would read them, for as he has himself said, "the most influential, and the truest in their influence, are works of fiction." But the dry stuff, called "Reports" are only romantic, and entrancing to that singular class of serious, and self denying men that Providence has kindly drafted off from the rest of the community, and labelled, "Attorneys and Counsellors at Law."

Indirectly the laymen get the benefits of a good library, and therefore should generously sustain it, through the Legislature.

MORE THINKING WANTED.

When a man accepts office, he agrees to stand out in the light, and expose his weakness, as well as his strength. But it is a part of his contract with the public that he shall be fairly and honestly treated. The miserable, cruel and even malicious slandering of public men keeps some of the best moral and mental power out of public life. The community suffers from its own "cussedness."

At the same time free, and even strong criticism of officials, is the safeguard of democratic Government. If an official doesn't like it, he has no business to hold office. He is the agent of the people, and only puts on lordly and foolish airs, if he can't take the tonic of wholesome discussion. He has no business to take a position when his "feelings are hurt." He does not pay for the damage done by his unwise acts. The people behind him foot the bills.

We say this in advance of our criticism on the general work of the members of the Cabinet. These men are, in our opinion, doing altogether too much detail work, and not enough of that higher and more exacting brain work, which is the crying need of these transition days. The Republic suffers from it. The Attorney General, overworked for four years, still has the details of the Health department to attend to. The Minister of Foreign Affairs attends to many numerous details of the Educational department. The other Ministers are more or less involved in administrative detail.

Our political condition involves us in complicated relations with the United States. We have been, for some years, on the eve of complications with Japan, and now we are in them. We have had to deal with the most embarrassing question of labor. It concerned our internal affairs, and went to the existence of civilization here. It concerned our relations with America, and seriously touched the question of reciprocity and political union. These questions, numerous, intricate and even dangerous, called for the best "thinking," the best study. We had no men trained on these

lines of thought. If one thinks that no training is needed, let him read Senator Hoar's recent address in the Clarke University, on the great need of men educated carefully in the science of politics and diplomacy. Thrown back on our "home talent" we must do the best we can with it. Deficiencies in experience and long training are only made up by the closest study.

Our arrangement of official work has resulted in depriving these men of the time needed for thought and study, and driven them into detailed work. No one denies the high order of that work. It is admirable. But the State loses by it in the grand totals, and in the neglect of more vital work.

The Ministers themselves will, on Sundays, admit that they are "miserable worms of the dust" worthy only to be snapped up by passing mynah birds, but they are just a little prone, on week days, to abandon this delightful theory of humility and recent criticism.

For instance, the question of the registration of foreign built ships, has been discussed for three years. The statute permitting it is, probably, mandatory. This statute, during the session of the last Legislature, could have been repealed or modified in a day. It was not done, and the "China" case is here to embarrass us. It was the business of course of the law makers to change the law. But the less that is said of that Legislature kindergarten the better. Had the Ministers time for study, and investigation, the importance of the matter would have been pressed upon them.

The Japanese muddle involves the same points. Its history is yet to be written. The immigration matter, so vitally important in every way, is turned over by the Legislature to a Commission, and its hands are tied up. Yet it is always before the Cabinet, and demands of it a policy. A deal of "thinking" is to be done in this affair. The vital matter of annexation demanded, several years ago, certain work by the Government, in order to anticipate the comment made in the States; "the people are ignorant about the Islands," a comment repeated to us, by every mail. The work remains undone, and it is left to Mr. Thurston to scatter leaflets, just as the battle is on. We concede frankly, that it is a question whether or not, the Government should take any active part, so far as the propagandar in the States is concerned.

The Government has admirably, honestly, and intelligently done its administrative work, under the circumstances. It has done great service in the perilous days of political change. It is entitled to the gratitude, the loyalty, the firm support of the people. But the very excellence of its municipal administration, has, we believe, prevented it from making that close and necessary study of larger questions, so urgently needed in a transition condition. You cannot play chess when you are walking over eggs.

A great dry goods house, with the best reputation suddenly failed, in one of the American cities, some years ago. "What is the matter?" asked one man. "The man who did the thinking for it and nothing else, died two years ago," said a merchant neighbor, "and the men who run it now are only selling goods." Corporations, nations, and individual concerns, are conducted on the same principles. Go into John Wanamaker's great store and you will not find him touching a detail. His "thinking" is very successful.

IRREPRESSIBLE MOLASSES.

An article on the spontaneous combustion of molasses by Prof. J. I. Crawley of this city was published in the Journal of the American Chemical Society on July 4th, and attracts much attention in the

scientific journals of the United States and other countries.

The fact that there is such combustion is admitted, but the cause is unknown. Prof. Crawley takes the fact that great heat exists in the molasses, under certain conditions, and by a series of admirable chemical tests tries to arrive at the solution of the mystery. He says, regarding his experiments, "whatever may be the initial cause of the heat, whether fermentation or decomposition due to treatment, there can be no doubt that there was a violent manifestation of heat most destructive in its effects."

Mr. Whitney, in the Planters' Monthly for August, repeats the story, published years ago, which we print elsewhere, that at Ulu-palakua, Maui, molasses escaping from the sugar mill, gradually accumulated in the crevices of the rocks. It finally burst out in flames, and the natives believed that Haleakala had again resumed business at the old stand. This was, probably, a case of spontaneous combustion.

Here is a new field for geological and scientific work. The pre-historic man, millions of years ago, may have cultivated sugar cane in these Islands, and the waste molasses may have been the material which was ejected from the caverns below and built up the sun-lit Islands. The recent lava flows have a decided similarity to molasses candy after it has cooled off and becomes black, through atmospheric action. As the "carboniferous age" was omitted, through some mistake, in the construction of this group, it is possible that it was intended that the molasses age should take its place. Many able geologists present conflicting theories regarding the origin of volcanic action. They have looked for remote causes, as theorists usually do. The true cause may be right before them. We have the right to reason backwards from the valuable data of the Maui combustion. At the same time, it must be admitted that the taste of molten lava in Halemau-mau, is rather more sulphury than saccharine. Have any of our scientists tasted it? This fact would seem to be fatal to our theory. But Nature does as she pleases, and boxes the ears of impertinent Phenomena and Laws when they are in her way. Scientists are too confident of their final conclusions. This new and startling theory of Spontaneous Combustion teaches them not to shut the door of knowledge with a bang.

Should this startling theory provoke discussion, we trust that our scientists will avoid the use of abusive language, which usually mars such controversies. On the eve of annexation, we should give the world an example of courteous debate. We can let loose on each other when some moral question arises.

The testimony of all successful men of business is the same. Industry, temperance, a strict adherence to duty and a willingness to "help out" if necessary after the whistle blows or the bell rings in the evening will bring position and probably fortune. The Golden Rule, along with thrift, industry and temperance, is an unbeaten combination.—

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ELECTION NOTES

Will be Number of Independent Candidates.

Haululani May Run Again—McCandless Growing Stronger.

It is said that Haululani, Representative from Ewa in the last Legislature, will be a candidate at the primaries on September 15th. Haululani will have for an opponent A. J. Campbell, the fruit grower and shipper. Mr. Campbell stands well with the natives of his district, and will probably carry a large number of votes. One of the men who will go before the convention as a candidate said yesterday:

"I have no doubt there will be a number of candidates besides those nominated at the convention. Just who they are or how many cannot be told until the convention is held. I suppose some men who fail to get the nomination by the American Union party will feel sore and get the necessary number of signers to a petition and run independently. This means opposition to individuals, of course, but not to principles. Every man who goes before the convention as a candidate and secures the nomination will have the endorsement and support of his party. Those who do not receive the nomination on trying for it and then run independently will be considered kickers—kickers against their luck—not against party principles. No good politician would do this any more than he would bolt his party in the event of his failure to poll enough votes to elect him.

"On Hawaii there will be a large number of candidates, and as the registration is small, it will necessarily be a very much cut up vote. The same will apply here in Oahu, where there are only 816 voters all told. If men run as independent candidates, some of those who are undesirable to the party and to the public may get in by a fluke. Until we have politics, real politics, here there should be only the regular candidates. If I get the nomination I will do my level best to get elected and will expect the support of my friends. If I fail I will turn to and work for the lucky man."

L. L. McCandless' chances for the nomination are growing stronger as the time for the convention approaches. He is known to be fearless and aggressive in politics, capable of doing good work on the floor of the House, as well as in committee. He is decidedly for good Government and is one of the staunchest annexationists on the Islands.

As to the other Islands, legally prepared petitions have been received from nine candidates from Hawaii. Of these, but two were in the House at the last session. From the First District petitions have been received from J. W. Janes, E. E. Richards, A. B. Loebenstein, G. K. Wilder and Charles Notley, Jr. Of these, Richards and Janes are endorsed by the Conservative Club, Wilder and Loebenstein stand on a specially prepared platform of principles, and Notley—he has not been heard from as to party or platform, and will probably not cause even a ripple of excitement in political circles. It is not believed that he would be a very active Representative, and as activity of mind and body are two of the essentials to a good legislator, Mr. Notley will probably remain at home and watch his flocks and herds.

J. W. Janes represents the coffee men of Hawaii, and it is believed he will make an excellent record, if elected. E. E. Richards represents the sugar interests and the people of Hilo generally. He was assiduous in his efforts to obtain suitable appropriations for Hawaii, and in this he was ably assisted by his colleague, Robert Ryecroft of Puna. If the people of Hilo did not want Richards to represent them in the Legislature, they should not have nominated him.

In the Second District, G. P. Kamou-oha, D. S. Kahokana, J. D. Paris and J. Coeper have sent in their petitions. The first named was a member of the last House, and was recognized as a daily orator.

The candidates from Maui are W. F. Pogue, D. H. Kahaulilio and S. W. Kaai, and Kauai candidates are S. K. Kaao and Paul Isenberg, Jr. As there are no other candidates, and this is just the number to be returned by the people of these two Islands, it is quite probable they will all be elected.

THOUGHT IT AN OUTBREAK.

Combustion of Molasses Many Years Ago on Maui.

The Planters' Monthly for August has an interesting account of the spontaneous combustion of a large quantity of molasses in a cave near the Ulupalakua Plantation, on Maui, some 30 years ago. At the time it was thought that the burning was another outbreak of Haleakala, and caused considerable excitement. The incident, as related by Mr. H. M. Whitney, is as follows: The molasses from the sugar house—and there were much larger quantities of it in those days than now—was allowed to run off as waste into a large cave near the mill. This stream must have been running for several years, and it was supposed that the molasses was lost among the rocks and crevices of the great mountain, Haleakala, on the slope of which Captain Makee's plantation was located. One night the watchman discovered a dense smoke issuing from the small mouth of this cave, followed soon after by brilliant jets of flame, which occasionally shot up, very much as the flame of the lava is occasionally seen issuing through a crack in the ground during an eruption

of the volcano. He became frightened and gave the alarm that the volcano of Haleakala had broken out again. The whole neighborhood was suddenly aroused, and, seeing the flames darting up, the men rushed for buckets, while the hose was attached to the cistern, and water was pumped onto the fire with all the force that the plantation could bring to the rescue. The more water that was poured on the brighter the flames glowed, till it was found to be quite useless to attempt to extinguish them.

Reports spread to the surrounding villages, and the people flocked from far and near to see the new volcanic wonder. The theory was at length suggested that it might be only the molasses, which from some unknown cause had caught fire and no available means were at hand sufficient to extinguish it, the supply of water being limited to several small cisterns. This fire continued to burn for several weeks and at times caused considerable alarm. The waste molasses from the mill had been running into the cave for several years, and the quantity of it stored there, dried and liquid, must have been considerable, furnishing lively material for a "nine-days' wonder." Chemists were not so numerous here then as they are now, and we are not aware of any analysis ever having been made of the lava of this miniature volcano. It, however, formed one of the most interesting and amusing incidents of the early days of sugar-making on these Islands, and clearly demonstrated that molasses will burn, making as good fuel and as hot a fire as coal, when given the requisite conditions.

NEW DEPARTURE.

Davey Photograph Co. Open for Business Today.

The doors of the Davey Photographic Company will be thrown open to the public this morning. Frank Davey, the President of the company, is one of the best-known photographers on the Pacific Coast, having been chief op-



FRANK DAVEY,
President Davey Photograph Co.

erator for Tabor for the past 10 years. Before that he was with Wallery of Paris and Vander-Weyde of London.

Besides being a photographer, Mr. Davey is a cartoonist of note in London, and his scrap-book contains many interesting newspaper reproductions of his pencil work. In selecting the Mott-Smith building for his new base of operations Mr. Davey secured one of the best in the city for light effects. The rooms were arranged according to his directions, and the detail is perfect. The reception room is on the first floor, near Fort street. Here a clerk will take the orders and arrange for the sittings of the customers. This room contains some sample portraits by Mr. Davey and albums of Island views.

Admission to the operating rooms is by stair or electric elevator to the third floor. Like the reception room, the hall and rooms are exquisitely furnished and carpeted and the walls hung with paintings by some of America's celebrated artists. One room, fitted with stationary wash-stand, dressing case, etc., is provided for ladies, and a smaller one for gentlemen. A wardrobe contains various costumes for ladies and children, who desire something out of the usual order, and who do not wish to go to the expense of having clothing made for the purpose. Among the cameras in the establishment is one for making life-size photographs direct. Besides the ordinary photographs, Mr. Davey will make bas-relief, mezzotint and iridium effects, which are superior to any others made. These are exclusive with Mr. Davey, and are made in San Francisco only by Tabor.

During his experience as a photographer he has made pictures of Lady Randolph Churchill, Stanley, Sir Edwin Arnold, Sir George Trevelyan, Whiteley Reid, Prince Joseph of Battenberg, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Chauncy Depew, Gen. Lew Wallace, Thomas Nast, Bill Nye, Rajah of Rampur, W. K. Judge and hundreds of others. He has copies of each in an album in the gallery with the autograph of the sitter on each. Mr. Davey has made photographs of a number of local people and in each case the likeness is excellent.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Fatal Result of a Fire in Moanalua.

There was a fire at Moanalua about 3 p. m. yesterday, the circumstances of which are most distressing. The two-story frame building of Ohule and his wife was burned to the ground, and one of their children, a boy of 14 years of age, burned to death.

The first intimation of the catastrophe was received by Patrolman R. Andrews, who was riding along in the vicinity of Kamehameha School. He spied a native coming along in a break at a great speed, and upon being halted, cried out that her house in Moanalua was on fire and her children all burned.

Andrews put spurs to his horse and hastened away to Moanalua, where he found the house nearly burned down.

A number of natives were waiting about the place and, upon inquiry, it was learned that one of the children had been burned. The patrolman succeeded in bringing out the badly-churned body of the oldest son.

It seems that Ohule and his wife had gone to a neighboring gulch to plant taro and had left their oldest and youngest children at home, the latter a lad of about 7 summers.

The little fellow got to playing with matches on the lower floor and set the matting on fire. The older boy was asleep in one of the beds. As soon as the fire had been started the little fellow ran out. The flames spread, suffocating and burning to death the older boy before help could reach him.

BON VOYAGE.

Captain Cotton Guest of Honor at a Delightful Dinner.

A delightful dinner party was given at the Hawaiian Hotel Sunday evening by Lieutenant and Mrs. Winterhalter, in honor of Captain Cotton of the Flagship Philadelphia, in view of his approaching departure.

The following joined the guest of honor, the host and hostess, at table: Consul-General and Mrs. Haywood, Deputy Consul-General and Mrs. Boyd, Dr. and Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Widdfield, Mrs. Moses and Lieut. Guy Brown.

The table decorations and favors were original and artistic, and made up of maiden-hair ferns, blue satin ribbons and white cotton. The centerpiece was a fern basket filled with white cotton and ornamented with broad blue satin bows. Satin streamers hung from the chandelier, holding white cotton balls. The corsage bouquets and boutonnières were of ferns and white cotton, tied with blue satin bows.

Dangerously Injured.

Kulekana, a young Hawaiian, 16 years of age, was knocked from the railing of the second story of the building at the corner of Punchbowl and Queen streets during the progress of a drunken row Saturday night. He fell to the ground, with the result of a fractured skull and complete paralysis of the right side. Kulekana was simply looking at the fun, when he was struck in the abdomen and knocked over. The police wagon took him to the Queen's Hospital, where he now lies in a very dangerous condition.

Yesterday afternoon four native men and one woman were arrested in connection with the case and held for investigation.

Allen Herbert Appointed.

At the meeting of the Board of Agriculture, held yesterday, Commissioner Marsden was granted a leave of absence for three months, and Allen Herbert was prevailed upon to fill the position during his absence. Mr. Herbert consented to take the place, but declines to take any pay for his services.

During the month of September, no plants will be delivered from the Government Nursery, owing to the fact that they will not thrive until the wet weather sets in. Until that date one man will be kept at the nursery and the others will be engaged in beautifying public parks.

Kekumano-Keick.

Miss Alvina Keick, former principal of the Waialua Government School, and Louis Kekumano, an employee at the Post Office, were married at the home of James Holt, Kapalama, early yesterday afternoon. A number of relatives and friends were present. The young couple went to Waiānae on the 5 o'clock train, where they will spend a week's honeymoon at the home of Richard Gilliland.

Among the presents received by Mr. and Mrs. Kekumano was a stove and a complete outfit of kitchen utensils from the employees of the Post Office.

WHERE CARDS COME FROM.

Supposed to Have Been Imported From the East.

Playing cards are an importation from the East, and their origin is to be sought for in the most remote antiquity, says the Boston Herald. Their introduction into Europe, which took place about the end of the 13th century, was due to gypsies. It must not, however, be imagined that these very ancient cards, derived from a quarter so remote, bore much resemblance to those now in use, which are mainly, in point of fact, of French origin. They bore emblematical figures, mysteriously grouped in accordance with the lore of Ind, and were doubtless employed rather for the fancied interpretation of the will of an unseen god than for amusement.

Much research has been employed in seeking the origin of playing cards, and there has been no little controversy regarding the date of their first appearance in Europe. For a long time it was generally believed that playing cards were first invented in Europe, and that Jaquemin Gringonneur, a French painter, had first painted a deck of them to serve as pastime for the melancholic King Charles VI. of France. That such had been the case is shown by the fact that there are still preserved at the Paris Library 17 cards which had been painted by that artist for the purpose indicated, as an account book of the Court Treasurer of Charles VI. conclusively proves, wherein the expenditure of a certain sum, paid to Gringonneur for three decks of playing cards, painted in gold and colors, is duly entered.

Later researches have proved, though, that cards had been introduced in Europe before that time, and an Italian author, Feliciano Bussi, in the history of Viterbo, cites a passage from an unpublished chronicle of Viterbo by a native, Nicolo de Coveluzo, wherein it is mentioned that play-

ing cards were brought to Europe in 1379 by the Saracens. This statement is supported by the fact that the Spaniards, who were the first to come in contact with the Saracens after their conquest of the Iberian Peninsula, call their cards "naipes," which word undoubtedly is derived from "na-eeb," the Saracen name of the game.

Tennis in California.

The following extracts from a letter, written by "Kauka" Wilder and dated San Francisco, Cal., August 17th, may prove interesting to the tennis men of the city:

"The courts here are good, and the balls bounce so true it is much pleasanter to play a game, besides, the cool weather makes a person feel very much more like playing. Harold Dillingham, Cunha and I have played on the California tennis courts. Then Godfrey came up, and he ran up against Welke, junior player of the club. Godfrey was beaten. I am convinced we could do better on our own dirt courts, as we are used to them. However, it must be said that they know how to play tennis here.

"I have not noticed any of the fine players here who use a swift service. All strength is reserved for net work, running up and smashing, so as to 'kill' the balls."

Donated Lava Specimens.

Mr. Edgar Wood of the High School has just received from Miss Burbank a collection of lava specimens from the Volcano, collected from time to time. They are interesting, as well as valuable, and will be included in the High School collection, which includes specimens of fossils collected in the vicinity of Honolulu and donated by Miss Andrews and Dr. Lyons. Mr. Wood, as well as all those interested in the High School, are very grateful to Miss Burbank for her kindness.

Police Court Notes.

In the Police Court, yesterday morning, Judge Wilcox fined Benson, the man who cut Uala Sunday morning, \$50 and costs.

Twelve out of the 20 gamblers captured by Chillingworth and Vida Sunday morning, plead guilty, and were sentenced each to pay a fine of \$10 and costs. The cases of the remaining eight were nolle prossed.

Liwal was fined \$30 and costs for adultery and Laa (w) \$10 and costs.

Water Privileges.

The owners of lots in Kapiolani Park Addition are signing a petition in the office of A. V. Gear & Co., asking the Government to lay water pipes on their lots and agreeing to take water at once. Already nearly 100 lot owners have signed. These people want to build on their property, but cannot do so until they can secure water for drinking and irrigation purposes.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Ask W. W. Dimond what he thinks of the aeromotor.

Malle tooth powder is prepared only by Benson, Smith & Co.

A few more mail boxes will soon be added to the present number.

Three new dwellings are contemplated on the new Beach road.

Captain Cotton paid a farewell visit at the Executive Building yesterday.

President Dole received the Captain of the U. S. S. Bennington yesterday.

Captain Cotton of the U. S. S. Philadelphia will leave for home on September 3d.

Professor and Mrs. Mead are spending a few days with Mrs. Swanzy at Koolau.

One dollar a week entitles you to membership in the Standard Dictionary.

First

Last and all the time Hood's Sarsaparilla has been advertised as a blood purifier. The great cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla have been accomplished through purified blood. Scrofula, salt rheum, eczema, rheumatism, neuralgia, yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it eradicates the

Last

Vestige of those impurities which have been developing, perhaps for years, in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures nervousness by feeding the nerves upon pure, rich blood. It absolutely and permanently cures when all other medicines fail, because Hood's Sarsaparilla

Always

Strikes at the root of the disease, which is in the blood. Thousands testify that they have been absolutely cured of blood diseases by Hood's Sarsaparilla, although they had become discouraged by the failure of other medicines to give any relief. No other medicine has such a record of cures as Hood's Sarsaparilla, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills are the only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY,
Wholesale Agents.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy

40 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO.,
Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

ary Club, Wall, Nichols Company proprietors. The books are on exhibition at the store, where full particulars will be given. H. E. Kelsey is the local solicitor.

Alaska for wealth, health and happiness. Read "Timely Topics" today and be convinced.

Water tanks that do not shrink are advertised by E. O. Hall & Sons. Circulars on application.

The school teachers are getting their affairs in shape for the beginning of the next school year.

Dr. Shaw will take Dr. Monsarrat's place as meat inspector during the latter's absence on Hawaii.

Marshal Brown and bride will be back from their honeymoon trip to Molokai on the Mauna Loa Friday.

The Makee Sugar Company filed a motion for a new trial in the case which was recently decided against them.

The engagement of Miss Mary Allen of Berkeley, Cal., to Rev. J. M. Lewis of Palama Chapel, was announced yesterday.

Saturday, September 18th, being a national holiday, all Government offices throughout the Republic will be closed on that day.

Owing to the terms and the high price set upon the Hawaiian Hotel property, there were no bidders at the sale called for Saturday.

Lady Tichborne was among the arrivals on the Aorangi from the Colonies yesterday morning. She will spend a short time in the city.

There is a possibility that the crews in the championship races for September 11th, will go to Pearl Harbor to stay a few days before the race.

A large number of school teachers returned on the Claudine Sunday morning to be ready for the fall term of the Government schools which opens very soon.

The Board of Health wishes it specially understood by all school teachers that the regulations will be rigidly enforced at the beginning of the next school year.

An effort will be made to have the merchants close their stores all day on Saturday, September 11th, when the championship boat races will take place at Pearl Harbor.

Water filters, family water condensers, ice chests, refrigerators, ice-cream freezers, of the latest and best makes at the household supply department of Castle & Cooke, Ltd., Bethel street.

The officers of the U. S. S. Marion will all be transferred aboard the Baltimore, due here in a few weeks. They are a right fine set of fellows, and Honolulu people will be glad to see them back again.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Scott will leave for Kauai today, where the former has been appointed principal of one of the schools. T. H. Gibson, who takes Mr. Scott's place as Deputy-Inspector of Schools, arrived on Sunday.

John Sylva, the Manoa Wonder, returned from Hilo on the Kinau Friday. While there he tried to get a match race for any distance with Turner, the wheelman, who was reported to have beaten the Wonder's time from the Volcano, but could not.

In the Board of Health meeting Thursday afternoon, the subject of a disinfecting lamp was brought up by Dr. Day. It was brought out during the course of the discussion that there is a fine one aboard the Japanese man-of-war Naniwa, now in port.

W. R. Castle has appealed to the Supreme Court to determine whether he shall pay \$24 stamp duty on an equity of redemption, or \$72, which the Minister of Finance decides should be paid to cover the deed of conveyance and a \$10,000 mortgage.

In the case of Theo. H. Davies & Co., as agents of the Laupahoehoe Sugar Company, against the Wilder's Steamship Company, for general merchandise and supplies lost in the wreck of the steamer Likelike, the jury returned a verdict in favor of defendants.

The Regulars went into camp on the Executive Building grounds yesterday morning. There are, in all, about 50 tents. The officers have their tents in the Bungalow, and the privates, corporals and sergeants along the driveway from the Likelike street gate.

The Klondyke fever in Honolulu is abating somewhat, and some of the enthusiasts who were eager to join the ranks of the miners, have had their ardor cooled by the stories of hardship and deprivation that have come here from the frozen regions of Alaska.

LEWIS & CO.

Lewis & Co.

Have never had greater variety no better quality of fine foods for the every day table and for dinner giving than now.

The world pays tribute to the aesthetic tastes of the dwellers of Hawaii through this store.

The price of a thing is generally what it is worth, competition requires that; the higher the price, the better the quality as a rule; price doesn't always guarantee quality, the reputation of the seller counts.

Send for our catalogue and see what we can sell you.

For instance our Lewis Hams and Bacon.

We guarantee our prices as low as the lowest and quality the best. Island orders solicited. Country customers are assured of paying the same prices as those resident in the city of Honolulu.

Intelligent and appreciative persons will refuse substitutes, when they can buy the original.

Tea is an article which is daily consumed by millions. Success in tea brewing can only be assured by using Lewis' Own importations of Ceylon-India, China and Japan Teas.

Send for our catalogue. Mailed FREE on application.

LEWIS & CO.

GROCERS. Fort Street, Honolulu



ALL THE FAMILY ENJOYS IT

Plays your own selection of tunes. Over 1,000 tunes to select from.

THE BEST MUSIC BOX MADE.

We have just received a new invoice of the several styles. Write for Catalogue and prices.

Wall, Nichols Company

SOLE AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches, when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkering to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

Pacific Well Boring Co.

(LIMITED.)

PLANTATION AND LAND OWNERS, MERCHANTS and others who contemplate boring wells, will serve their own interests by consulting the above Company.

Estimates furnished. Charges strictly moderate. Faithful work guaranteed. Tel. 665.

P. O. Box 475.

HENRY ST. GOAR. EDWARD POLLITZ.

Members Stock and Bond Exchange

EDWARD POLLITZ & COMPANY

COMMISSION BROKERS AND DEALERS IN INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Particular attention given to purchase and sale of Hawaiian sugar stock.

Bullion and Exchange. Loans Negotiated. Eastern and Foreign Stock and Bonds.

403 California St. - San Francisco, Cal.

AFTER OLD SPAIN

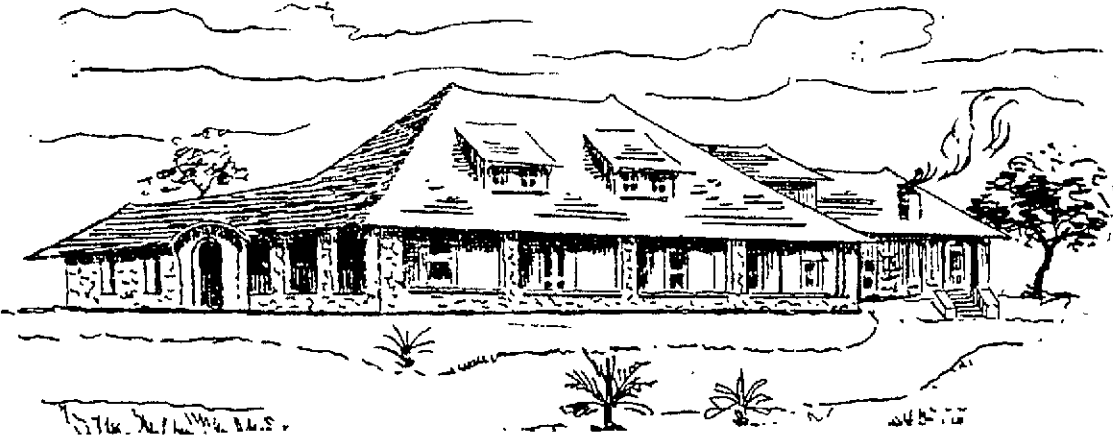
Design for Residence for Minister
Cooper.

PATTERNED AFTER OLD MISSIONS

Comfort First Consider-
ation; Style Second.

Happy Blending of Essentials—Will
be Handsomest Residence
in Suburbs.

One of the handsomest residences on
the outskirts of Honolulu is the one
now under construction in Manoa Val-
ley for Minister H. E. Cooper. The lo-



RESIDENCE OF MINISTER COOPER, MANOA VALLEY.

cation selected by Minister Cooper is
an exceptional one in many respects.
Located on a knoll at an elevation
high enough to command an uninter-
rupted view of everything in the val-
ley, it has also the advantage of being
at a point where the delightful trade
winds will make every day in the year
cool and pleasant for the occupants.

The designs are by Ripley & Dickey,
from suggestions by the owner, who
obtained his ideas in Southern Cali-
fornia, where there are many Mexican
mansions, and the new residence of the
Minister will follow in general detail
the same style, the principal difference
being in the roof, which will be shing-
led instead of tiled.

The bed rooms are very large, and
with the dining and music rooms con-
stitute the principal feature of the in-
terior. The makai side of the house and
a portion of the Ewa side will have a
broad veranda, entrance to which is
had through archways. The dimensions
of the makai veranda are 15x55 feet,
almost sufficient to be called a lanai.
The whole dimensions of the building
are 68x100. In the center will be an
open court, the various rooms opening
out to a wide veranda, which surrounds
the court. The main house is on the
right wing, which will have five large
bed rooms with bath and dressing
rooms adjoining.

On one end of the building there will
be a second story, divided into rooms
for lounging, and one for billiard ta-
bles. Long, sloping windows in the ga-
ble roof will admit light and air into
these apartments.

The grounds surrounding the build-
ing will be laid out by a landscape
gardener and planted in tropical plants.
The center of the court will contain
a circular lawn and beautiful fountain.

The stone for the building will be
taken from a quarry on the Minister's
land and about 300 yards from the
dwelling. The house is designed with
a view to the comforts of the occupants.
Minister Cooper has an excellent sup-
ply of water from a well on the prem-
ises. This is forced over the lot by
means of a geared aermotor. Addition-
al pipes will be laid, so that the en-
tire grounds may be irrigated.

Minister Cooper was one of the fortu-
nate ones who purchased Manoa prop-
erty long ago, before the boom. He
has a tract of 75 acres adjoining the
Montana property. The demand for sub-
urban house lots in that vicinity is
so great just now that the property has
grown very valuable.

LARGE PAPAIA.

Allen Herbert Gives Some Infor-
mation About Them.

"The papia," said Allen Herbert yester-
day, as he laid one the size of a
country fair squash on a table in the
reporter's room, "grows as easily as a
bad habit, and as quickly. If given at-
tention the tree will present a beautiful
and tropical appearance, but if neglect-
ed, it will spring up like a bean pole
and be about as attractive.

"The fruit of the papia tree is of in-
estimable value to dyspeptics, owing to
the amount of pepsin it contains. It
makes a fine breakfast dish or a deli-
cacy as a dessert. I have seen papia
trees," continued Mr. Herbert, "that
have reached a height of 20 feet in as
many months. It has a smooth trunk
and will grow far above the veranda
and furnish abundant shade. But to do
this the branches must be cut at the
right season.

For breakfast, serve with a piece of
butter, and if you happen to have heart-
burn, just eat a few of the seeds. For
dessert remove the seeds, squeeze the
juice of a lime in each half, and then
sprinkle with powdered sugar and put
in the oven to bake. You will find it
inconceivable after eating it than if

you had eaten a plum pudding. The
papia will sustain life longer than any
fruit, except, perhaps, banana.

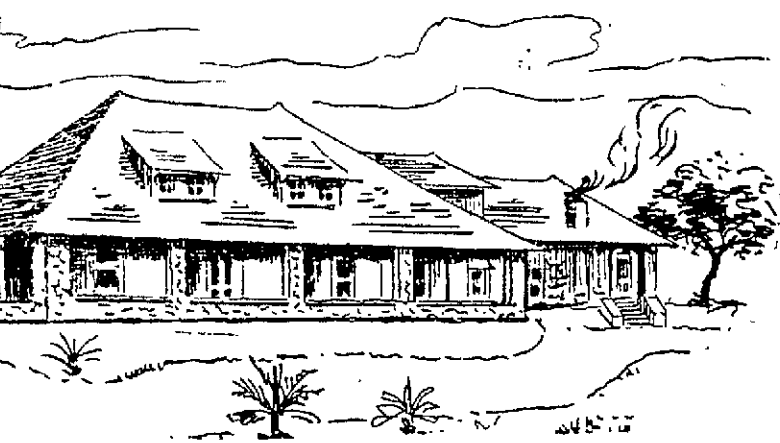
"The leaves of the papia tree are ex-
cellent for cows; a few leaves fed to
your milch cow will act as a preven-
tive to tuberculosis, owing to the
antiseptic properties it contains. The
fruit bloom, too, of the papia is
beautiful, resembling the tube-rose in
shape and the orange blossom in qual-
ity of perfume.

"It makes little difference how small
the area of land may be, every house-
holder should plant some of the seed.
I have taken 230 pounds of fruit from
a tree three years old, and many of the
pieces were as large as this one. The
trees bear continuously, and you may
often see blossoms, green and ripe fruit
on the tree at the same time. A work-
ing man or a business man making his
breakfast on papia and a glass of sweet
milk can do more hard work and more
good, solid brain work than the one
who turns cannibal and eats beef.

"I am going to put this sample and
some seeds in the Hobson Drug Com-
pany's window, and any one who wants
the seeds may have them. The seeds
are all from extra large fruit, and the
man or woman too tired to dig a hole
in the ground has only to drop the seed
on the ground and press on it with his
heel."

Gandall Not Guilty.

At 5:45 p. m. yesterday the jury in
the Boyd-Gandall breach-of-promise
suit retired and returned again in 10
minutes with the verdict of not guilty,
two dissenting. Judge Perry had re-
turned home for his dinner when the



RESIDENCE OF MINISTER COOPER, MANOA VALLEY.

jury retired, thinking, of course, that
the members would take about two
hours. He was surprised by a tele-
phone message, and hastened down to
the court room to hear the verdict. It
was 6:30 p. m. when this was turned in.

ZEALOUS SEGRECY

Says "Tourist", Has Been
Preserved.

Social and Labor Conditions of
Islands Unknown in
United States.

MR. EDITOR:—In the opinion of
the average man in the States the in-
terests here that are asking for annex-
ation represent more or less hypocrit-
ical missionary sugar planters who
have stolen the Islands from the na-
tives and now wish to increase 20 and
30 per cent. dividends by the addition
of the new tariff. This opinion has
been sedulously fostered by the sugar
trust and journals which for one rea-
son and another are opposed to annex-
ation and an American foreign policy.
And against this we have but the tes-
timony of some religious journals natu-
rally attached to the child of the A.
B. C. F. M.; the letters of Hawaiians,
commissioners and others and a few
journals, which, favoring annexation
and a foreign policy, have taken the
trouble to go beyond the evident geo-
graphical, strategic and commercial
advantages which the Islands present.

It is curious that this first, and in
reality, only American colony, is al-
most entirely without human interest
to the parent country. Of course, we
may explain this seemingly unnatural
parental indifference by the absence of
all colonial or foreign policy and the
concentration of interest at home, but
I am confident that this is only half of
the story. While the process of evang-
elization was going on, the religious
world followed developments, for the
missionaries kept the home organiza-
tions informed. But when the more
complicated, more profoundly difficult
and less romantic task of building up
a community here upon the necessary
political and commercial basis was un-
dertaken, the mother country had no
more information than was picked
out of scanty Island papers or sent
over by incompetent correspondents.

The results as they stand today
show the same capacity for self-gov-
ernment, the same individual intelli-
gence and independence of action, the
same capacity for organization that
has characterized the Anglo-Saxon col-
onizers the world over. Hawaii is
better governed than any, but a very
few communities in the States, and
there is a public moral sense here
that is more acute and better directed
than in any American city I am ac-
quainted with.

It is true she cannot continue to
stand alone, for she is in reality but a
part of the whole from which her mak-
ings came out. But this result of which
to have as good a right to be proud
as the English have for their civilizing
work in India or Egypt, is practically
lost and now at home, and calls out sym-
pathetic appreciation only from the few
who happen to know the inside from
personal connection or the good for-
tune of travel. As I have intimated
the home community is only partially

responsible for this. There has been
here an ingrained almost traditional
attitude of zealous secrecy about the
problems that have arisen here and the
methods of meeting them.

It may have been partially the zeal
of the business man protecting his pri-
vate affairs from the public eye, and
partially an unwillingness to provoke
hostile criticism by letting the dark
sides of commercial and political his-
tory come to American eyes and ears.
The preservation of this attitude would
have been impossible in a larger com-
munity. The newspapers would have
enforced publicity. It has been, I
think, without doubt most unfortunate
for the Islands, in its success.

If one wishes sympathetic apprecia-
tion, the one thing worse than the
knowledge of his faults and misfor-
tunes is ignorance. Undoubtedly the
earlier condition of the contract labor-
er on the sugar plantation approached
slavery, and brutality abounded. But
the knowledge of the advance which
has marked the later years and is cul-
minating in profit-sharing and a con-
tract on which white labor may replace
Oriental, would have aroused an in-
terest that would have far outweighed
the prejudice earlier conditions might
have caused.

A free and open discussion in Island
papers of this and other problems
would have kept Hawaii in American
consciences, and have insured the sym-
pathy which any human struggle calls
forth when it is known. What is
known in the States of the affectionate
interest with which the native has been
followed or the necessarily superficial



RESIDENCE OF MINISTER COOPER, MANOA VALLEY.

character of the Christianity he could
assume in a generation or two? Who
knows of the work among Chinese and
Japanese, the kindergartens that are
reaching out toward all classes and na-
tionalities? There is only one way in
which these activities can possibly be
brought to popular consciousness, and
that is by the constant, fearless re-
porting of the concrete events, out of
which they have sprung.

The average man is interested only
in concrete happenings. Acquaintance
with the scandals, which native life
and foreign elements have involved
awakes his interest in the means which
are taken to check them. The pictures
of laborers fined and beaten carries
with it the interest in the scientific
methods which have replaced in a large
part the unintelligent and brutal
means of sugar planting and making.

I am confident that there is not a
side of Hawaiian growth that would
not have evoked in the end more in-
terest in the States, if it had been free-
ly canvassed here and there than it
could have done harm. Because news-
paper readers know nothing save that
planters are asking for annexation,
they form the snap judgment that the
whole is nothing but a boodle scheme.
It is Japan whom the Islands have to
thank for arousing interest in the Is-
lands, and it is the opposition of the
trust that has done more than anything
else to convince America that annex-
ation means something besides boodle.

A real struggle has yet to come. A
two-thirds vote in the Senate must re-
present some interest outside of Wash-
ington, and I know of nothing that is
so likely to bring this about as the full
and free reporting of the acute prob-
lems here. No community can afford
to be afraid of publicity. Your truly,
"TOURIST."

DEATH OF A. R. HAWKINS.

Expired After Short Illness—Re-
sult of Blood Poisoning.

Alvin R. Hawkins, a young attorney
from Gatesville, Texas, died in this
city early yesterday morning from
blood poisoning, aged 25 years. Mr.
Hawkins came here less than two
months ago, with letters to J. M. Mon-
sarrat, intending to practice his pro-
fession. He was unable to secure a
license to practice on his arrival, owing
to his not having brought letters as to
his moral character, and after passing
a satisfactory examination before the
Justices of the Supreme Court he took
a position in the offices of J. M. Mon-
sarrat, pending the arrival of his let-
ters.

These came by the Australia and
Alameda, and he then made applica-
tion for letters of denization, but owing
to matters of importance coming
before the Cabinet, action on his ap-
plication was not taken until Friday
last, when the letter was issued.

Just a week ago Mr. Hawkins went
to Niu with J. M. Monsarrat and a
party of friends. They spent the day
bathing and lounging around the
beach. On Monday he returned to town
to see about his admission to the bar.
He felt sore and stiff from the effects
of the exercise of the day before, but
spent the day attending to business.
There was some doubt in his mind re-
garding the effect of the ointment. He
called on Minister Sewall for his opin-
ion regarding it, and spent a pleasant
hour with him.

Mr. Hawkins' face was badly sun-
burned and a small pimple or a lump
caused from a sting, appeared on his
nose. This seemed to annoy him con-
siderably and on Tuesday his face and
eyes became inflamed and swollen.
Thursday his condition was such that
he remained in bed, but was cheerful

on receipt of letters from Senator Chil-
ton and others of Texas, testifying to
his high moral character and ability as
a lawyer. Friday night his condition
was alarming and his physician, Dr.
Wayson, called in Dr. Sloggett for con-
sultation. During Saturday he im-
proved and spoke hopefully of his
speedy recovery, but in the evening he
grew worse, and symptoms of blood
poisoning and lock-jaw developed, and
at 11 o'clock Mr. Monsarrat, who was
assiduous in his attention to the sick
man, suggested that other physicians
be called in. Dr. Wayson requested Dr.
Mincer to attend. Mr. Hawkins' condi-
tion was growing rapidly worse, and
by midnight the poison extended to
his heart. Rev. A. J. Bell of the Meth-
odist Church and H. E. Coleman, Sec-
retary of the Y. M. C. A., both acquain-
tances of Mr. Hawkins, were sent for
and remained with him until dissolu-
tion took place, a few minutes before
1 o'clock Sunday morning. J. M. Mon-
sarrat, representing the Masonic frater-
nity, and C. D. Gray and Ed Towse
of the Knights of Pythias, were at his
bedside when he died.

His death was particularly sad, be-
ing far from home and among stran-
gers. He tried hard to tell Mr. Mon-
sarrat of some things he wished writ-
ten to his mother, but he lost the pow-
er of speech, so that it was with great
difficulty that he could make his wishes
known, and he was not conscious all
the time. An hour or so before his
death, he asked for his mother's pho-
tograph that was on the dressing-case,
opposite his bed.

H. H. Williams took charge of his
remains, and at 3:30 o'clock yesterday
afternoon they were conducted by the
Masons from the undertaking rooms to
the Methodist Church, of which de-
ceased was a member. Rev. A. J. Bell
conducted the services at the church,
afterwards turning the body over to the
Masons. He was buried in Nuuanu
Cemetery with full rites of the or-
der. Members of both lodges Knights
of Pythias were also at the church.
Among other prominent people pres-
ent were members of the bar, Minister
and Mrs. Sewall, Consul-General Hay-
wood, Hon. W. R. Castle and Justice
Frear of the Supreme Court.

The pall-bearers were: Andrew
Brown, J. Lyle, J. L. Dumas, Theo-
dore Hoffman, J. M. Monsarrat, Chap-
lain Edmonson of the U. S. S. Phila-
delphia, George Stratemeyer and Hen-
ry Smith.

The church chancel was beautifully
decorated with ferns and palms, and
there were many floral offerings. No-
ticeable pieces were from the Masonic
lodges, Knights of Pythias and Mr. A.
S. Humphreys and Martin Smith.

Mr. Hawkins was well connected in
the South, being a nephew of Governor
Alvin of Tennessee. His father is a
pastor in the Methodist Church, South,
in Gatesville, Texas. It is not known
to what Masonic lodge he belonged.
His K. of P. lodge was Royal, No. 1, of
Gatesville, Texas. He was also Presi-
dent of the Epworth League of that
State.

Lost Vest and Watch.

George E. Boardman is minus a vest
and a gold watch. It seems that he
went to the home of one of his Jap-
anese friends early Saturday night for
a pleasant evening. Responding to the
invitation of his host, he removed his
ordinary clothing, hung it up in a
room and donned Japanese costume.
At about 10:30 o'clock Mr. Boardman
went out to get his clothes. His coat
and trousers were there, but the vest
with the gold watch had disappeared.
There were quite a number of men in
the place, and some one of them, see-
ing the vest with its precious burden,
must have found himself unable to re-
sist the temptation. Mr. Boardman re-
ported the matter at Police Headquar-
ters, but nothing has yet been heard of
the missing articles.

Sheriff Carter of Kauai gave a large
party at his home in Lihue on the night
of August 28th. People from all over
the Island were present.

Pure, Rich Blood

is the soil in which roots life, health,
strength, happiness. The soil of the
blood can be drained or impoverished
like any other soil, and can be fertil-
ized and nourished in a similar way.
You can get back the old spring and
snap. You can enjoy labor by day
and sleep by night. You can eat
your food with the

Hearty Appetite

of health, if you only supply the
blood with its lacking nutriment;
vitalize it, or if you like, fertilize it.
A large number of so called tonic
remedies are disguised stimulants.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a stimu-
lant but a nourishment. It feeds
the blood and so enriches it, as well
as purifies it. That is why physi-
cians recommend

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Beware of imitations. The name—Ayer's
Sarsaparilla—is prominent on the wrapper
and blown in the glass of each bottle.

AYER'S PILLS FOR INDIGESTION.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:
HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY
Limited.



WE KEEP DIFFERENT STYLES
AND SIZES OF

WATER FILTERS

But if you want your family to drink
water that is

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Please notice that

Raw Water

Is an Aquarium:

Boiled Water

Is a Graveyard:

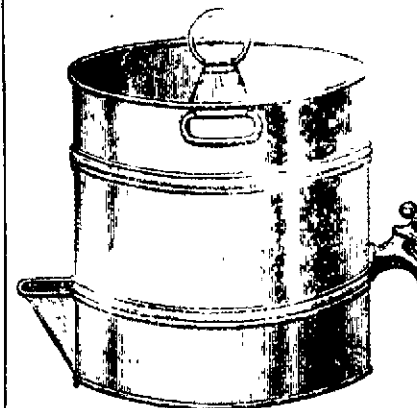
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Is PURITY ONLY.

This you can have by using our

Family Water Condenser.

For use also in PLANTATION
LABORATORIES: All you have to do
is to put the apparatus over a kero-
sene or kitchen stove and catch the
drippings.



We can also furnish you with best
quality of

Ice Chests, Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers

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Household Supply Dept.

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THE H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.,
Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line
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Headaches

Completely

Conquered

All beings are alike when it comes to
suffering from this universal complaint
termed HEADACHE. The literary
man, the business man, the laborer, the
over-taxed mother, the society belle are
victims alike in this respect.

Headline

Hundreds of remedies have been in-
troduced and used for the treatment
and cure of this widespread ailment,
but in most cases only temporary re-
lief was obtained. HEADLINE has
proven to be the only infallible and
harmless preventative and cure yet in-
troduced. Its effect is positive—it con-
tains nothing but of a purely vegetable
nature.

Nature's

It is free from OPIUM or NARCOT-
ICS. Children can take it with safety.
No sufferer from this distressing ma-
lady can afford to neglect giving it a
trial. The proof of the pudding is in the
eating. Skeptics cease to exist after giving it
a trial.

Blessing

We are giving away free to our pa-
trons a sample package of HEADLINE,
and if you try it, you will be convinced
of its paralyzing effect on sore heads.
Put up in packages, containing six
powders, at 25 cents.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

TIMELY TOPICS

AUGUST 27, 1897.

A PARAGON OF EXCELLENCE.

ALASKA is attracting an-
enormous amount of atten-
tion just now, and every line
of matter containing refer-
ence to it, is eagerly scanned
by thousands.

In view of this, perhaps it
is not out of place to mention
a few facts worth consider-
ing.

1. The Alaska is con-
structed upon strictly scien-
tific principles, by which low
temperature and dryness of
air are naturally and inevit-
ably obtained.

2. The Alaska has pre-
served fresh meats perfectly
for three weeks in the hot-
test weather.

3. The Alaska produces
better results with less ice
than any other.

4. The Alaska possesses
the only provision chamber
free from odor.

5. Between the outer and
inner walls there is an inch
and a half space filled with
pure charcoal, and experience
extending over three and a
half years, has convinced
us that the Alaska is without
doubt, the best refrigerator
on the market, in construc-
tion, in power to preserve
perishable goods, in economy
of ice, and in fact, in all
points necessary to make
them first-class in every re-
spect.

We have them in several
sizes, at from \$15 to \$25 and
also keep the Alaska ice
chests.

Call and examine at

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

286 FORT ST.

LEGAL QUIBBLING

Attorney-General McKenna Asked
to Interpret Tariff.

WHAT DOES "IMPORTED" MEAN?

May Affect Oriental Trade
Via Vancouver.

Old Treaty With England Covers
the Point of Discrimina-
ting Duty.

WASHINGTON, August 16.—Although the Attorney-General has given his intimation of the nature of his decision with regard to the question of the application of section 22 of the tariff law to goods brought into this country from Canada under Consular seal, the belief is growing that it will be favorable to the imposition of the discriminating duty. During the hearing it was noticed that his questions to ex-Secretary Carlisle were almost entirely of a character to bring out reasons for a favorable decision, and while he acknowledged freely his doubt as to the true construction of the section, it seemed to those who were present that he was seeking for arguments to justify a radical protection.

Should it be decided that the discriminating duty applies to goods in bond, then the shipments by way of Vancouver would be seriously diminished and consequently the commerce of San Francisco would be greatly benefited, for teas and other Oriental products would be brought to American ports and shipped across the continent over American railways. It is also remembered that in his decision rendered last week in regard to the importation of diamonds at Detroit, the Attorney-General said: "For the purpose of this opinion, it is necessary to consider the precise effect of the words 'come into' as distinguished from the word 'imported,' if, indeed, there be any difference in meaning."

The question of the application of the discriminating duty to goods transhipped in bond depends to a great extent upon whether there is such a difference in meaning or not, and whether the word "from" a contiguous country is equivalent to the word "through."

In some of the discussions concerning the question at issue there has been a good deal of confusion as to the class of goods which would be affected by a decision in favor of the discriminating duty. The question is not, as some have surmised, whether goods coming in ships ordinarily subject to duty shall escape the duty through transshipment in bond. Mr. Carlisle admitted to Attorney-General McKenna that goods which came to Vancouver for example, in vessels which rendered them subject to duty were subject to the duty whether transhipped in bond or not. Indeed, one of the points of his argument was that the law was intended to apply to those goods alone, and that its sole purpose was to discriminate against foreign vessels, without reference to railroads in any way.

The point at issue is whether goods coming to a Canadian port in a vessel not subject to the discriminating duty became subject to the duty by reason of entering the United States from Canadian territory. Were this not the point at issue the question would hardly be worth discussion by the railroads, as the amount of goods which would be subject to the discriminating duty could never be great, unless it should appear that the ships of Great Britain are not protected from the discrimination by treaty, in which event there would be a marked change in the commercial arrangements of the United States and Great Britain pending the negotiation of a new treaty.

Treasury officials, who have been unable to find any treaty provision on this subject, except the article in the treaty of 1815, which protects from discrimination produce of "His Britannic Majesty's territories in Europe," have no intention to press this interpretation at present, although the question may be brought up for decision later, when it will be possible to remedy the evident oversight by the negotiation and ratification of a new treaty.

EXPLOSION IN PARIS.

Shortly After President Faure Leaves for Russia.

PARIS, August 18.—The departure of President Faure on his visit to the Czar at St. Petersburg was marked by a scene of the greatest excitement, accompanied by the circulation of the wildest kinds of rumors. After his departure a bomb exploded on the route the President had followed, and although no damage was done and nobody hurt, the most intense excitement prevailed for a long time. Sensational reports had it that those who exploded the bomb had intended an outrage of a more serious nature.

The President received an ovation from the public when he started on his journey to Russia. Large crowds lining the route from Elysee Palace to the railway station greeted the President with enthusiastic cries of "Vive la République!" "Vive la Russie!" "Vive la France!"

Ten minutes after the President's departure, while the crowd was return-

ing along the route traversed by M. Faure, a bomb exploded at the corner of the Boulevard Magenta and the Rue La Fayette, in front of the Restaurant Duval. The report caused a great panic in the neighborhood, and all sorts of wild rumors and stories were circulated, based on the statements attributed to anarchists that their next efforts would be an attempt on the life of M. Faure. Upon investigation by the police, however, it is developed that the explosion caused but little damage and that nobody was hurt.

SEALS SCARCE IN THE NORTH

Government Reports From Behring Sea.

WASHINGTON, August 17.—Captain Shoemaker, the Chief of the Revenue Cutter Service, has received a report from Captain Hooper, commanding the Behring Sea Patrol Fleet, in which he says that on July 6th the Grant landed Professor Stejener, the American Seal Commissioner, on Commander Islands, where the British ship Linnet was found with Commissioner Barrett Hamilton on board. The British ship Rainbow, with Commissioner D'Arcy Thompson, was expected in a few days. A scarcity of seals is reported at Commander Islands and very few have been seen in the sea, going or coming. The report also states that owing to the scarcity of seals, the low prices by dealers and the high price demanded by the Indian hunters, the majority of the British Columbia sealing fleet will not fit out this season.

LION AND LAMB.

Alliance Formed Between Turkey and Bulgaria.

VIENNA, August 16.—A Hungarian newspaper publishes an interview with M. Stollhoff, the Bulgarian Premier, which represents him as saying: "Bulgaria first set her hopes on Russia and then on Austria, but she soon found it useless to expect help from Europe. Prince Ferdinand, therefore, turned to Turkey, who, in the event of war, will support Bulgaria with 100,000 soldiers. Prince Ferdinand would rather kiss the hand of the Sultan than abuse himself before Europe."

RUSTCHUK, Bulgaria, August 16.—It is asserted here on good authority that the Austro-Bulgarian dispute, which arose over certain remarks made by the Bulgarian Premier, M. Stollhoff, with reference to Austrian authorities in a recent interview with a representative of the Lokal Anzeiger, is on the eve of a satisfactory settlement.

DEMAND FOR ARBITRATION.

European Countries Claim the New Tariff Violates Treaties.

BERLIN, August 14.—Acting upon the advice of Baron von Thielmann, the former German Ambassador at Washington, who has just been appointed Privy Councillor and the representative of the Imperial Chancellor in all the financial affairs of the Empire, the German Government is entering into negotiations with the Governments of the other countries injured by the new United States tariff, especially France and Belgium, for the purpose of effecting an agreement to demand the submission of all disputed points to a court of arbitration. In Germany's case the disputed points are mainly the alleged violation of existing treaties and the paying back to the United States Treasury of the export premiums paid by Germany.

It is always gratifying to receive testimonials for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and when the endorsement is from a physician it is especially so. "There is no more satisfactory or effective remedy than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Dr. R. E. Robey, physician and pharmacist, of Olney, Mo.; and as he has used the Remedy in his own family and sold it in his drug store for six years, he should certainly know. For sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

The harbor is daily filled with crews practicing for the coming races.

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla.

Cleanse your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the most thoroughly reliable alternative ever compounded. For scrofula, boils, ulcers, sores, carbuncles, pimples, blotches, and all disorders originating in vitiated blood, this medicine is a specific. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is equally beneficial as a remedy for catarrh, rheumatism, and rheumatic gout. As a Tonic, it assists the process of digestion, stimulates the sluggish liver, strengthens the nerves, and builds up the body when debilitated by excessive fatigue or wasting illness. Physicians everywhere consider Ayer's Sarsaparilla the best. It is a skillfully-prepared combination of the most powerful alteratives and tonics. No other blood-purifier gives equal satisfaction or is so universally in demand.

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

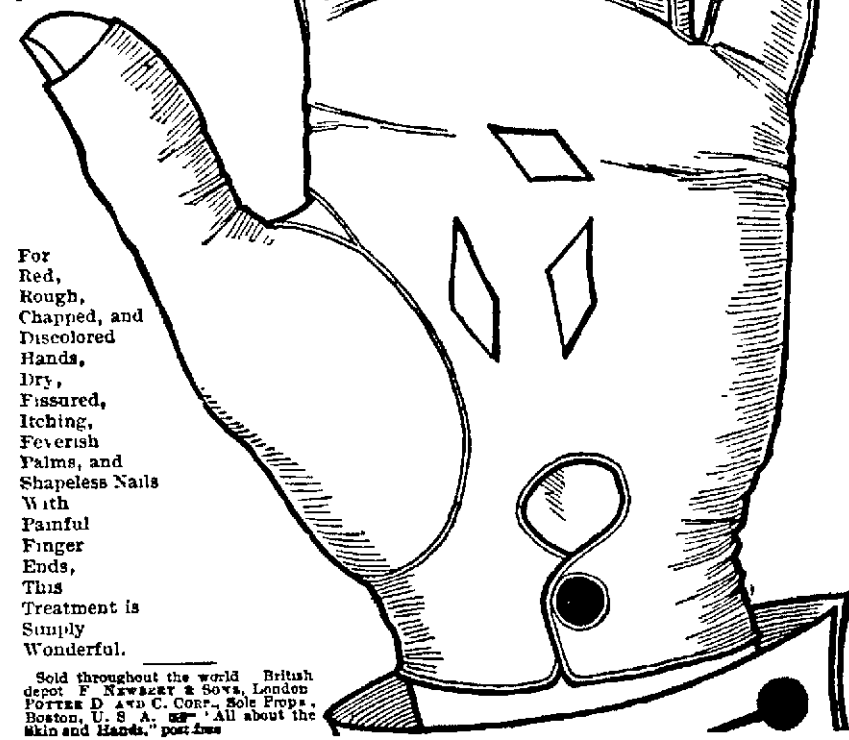
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Ayer's Pills CURE BILIOUSNESS

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, LIMITED,
AGENTS.

SOFT WHITE
HANDS
IN A
SINGLE
NIGHT

Bathe and soak the hands on returning in a strong, hot, cream lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry them thoroughly, anoint freely with CUTICURA, great set of emollient and skin cures. Wear, during the night, old loose gloves, with the finger ends cut off and air be cut in palms (see illustration).



For Red, Rough, Chapped, and Discolored Hands, Dry, Fissured, Itching, Feverish Palms, and Shapeless Nails With Painful Finger Ends, This Treatment is Simply Wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: NEWCASTLE & SONS, London. FORTER & CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "All about the Skin and Hands," post-free.

ROBERT CATTON.

212 Queen Street, Honolulu.

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WATSON, LAIDLAW & CO.
Centrifugals and Cream Separators.
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Steam Ploughs and Portable Railway.
THE RISDON IRON WORKS.....General Engineering.
MARCUS MASON & CO., Coffee and Rice Machinery.
J. HARRISON CARTER.....Disintegrators.

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—SEND TO—

RICHARDS & SCHOEN,

Who also carry the Most Complete line of

Harness and Saddlery

On the Islands. Mail or Telephone Orders receive prompt attention.
Only skilled labor is employed in the manufacture of our goods.

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E. SCHUR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

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We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial
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ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:—

PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,
SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.
All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.
For prices and conditions apply to—

DR. ...

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.



Vapo-Resolene

WHOOPIING COUGH, CROUP,
ASTHMA, CATARRH, COLDS.

CRESOLENE being administered by inhalation gives the safest and most effective means of treating the throat and bronchial tubes. Its efficiency in Whooping Cough and croup is wonderful. Its antiseptic virtues render it invaluable in contagious diseases as Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, etc. For descriptive booklet with testimonials free. Sold by druggists.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Honolulu, H. I., Agents.

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IMPORTERSLIFE AND FIRE
INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co
OF BOSTON.

Eino Fire Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks 6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 101,650,000
Total reichsmarks 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks 8,850,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000
Total reichsmarks 43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.
H. HACKFELD & CO.

J. S. WALKER

General Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company.

Alliance Assurance Company,
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WILHELMA OF MADDEBURG
INSURANCE COMPANY.

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Scottish Union and National Union.

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INSURANCE
Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

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MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

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Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

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TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1896,
£12,961,532.

1-Authorized Capital—£3,000,000 £ s d

Subscribed " " 2,750,000

Paid up Capital..... 687,500 0 0

2-Fire Funds..... 2,680,850 12 0

3-Life and Annuity Funds..... 9,604,182 2 6

£12,961,532 14 8

Revenue Fire Branch..... 1,577,028 17 9

Revenue Life and Annuity Branches..... 1,404,207 9 11

£2,981,235 7 8

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts.

New Goods

—FOR—

Warm
Weather!

While in San Francisco we made extensive purchases of new goods suitable for warm weather and we secured them at low prices. Some of these lines have already arrived and we are offering them at prices which should win your patronage to us if we have not already had it.

Fancy Swiss,
Organdies

—AND—

Muslin Dress
Goods

From 10 cents to 30 cents per yard. Never sold here before at less than 25 per cent. above this.

Equipoise Waists!

The only garment which keeps the form perfect and the health as nature ordained. These waists are now worn by many of the best dressed ladies of Honolulu. Marseilles spreads, new design, from \$2.50 to \$12. New linings for organdies just received.

B. F. Ehlers & Co.

WAVERLEY BLOCK



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Cables and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

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SODA WATER WORKS CO.

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Hollister & Co.

AGENTS

O. HUSTACE.

Wholesale and Retail Grocer

212 KING ST. TEL. 119

Family, Plantation and Ship's Stores Supplied on Short Notice.

New goods by every steamer. Orders from the other Islands faithfully executed.

WANTING WHALE FISHERIES.

Value of the Product for the Past Year, \$702,499.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—Some facts of interest about the whaling fisheries are contained in a table prepared by the Bureau of Statistics. The table exhibits the products of the so-called fisheries taken by American vessels and fishermen, and brought into the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897. These products are now brought into the United States at four ports only—Brunswick, Ga., New Bedford, Mass., New York and San Francisco. Their value for the year was \$702,499, of which the greater part—\$502,433—is recorded as having entered at the port of San Francisco.

The New England ports are scarcely any longer to be considered in the business, the bulk of whaling being done in the Pacific, where the vessels engaged for the most part carry the oil and whale bone to San Francisco. Included in the list of whale products for the year are nine pounds of ambergris, two of which entered at New Bedford, are valued at \$950, and seven at the port of New York, valued at \$2,400.

AQUATIC SPORTS.

Day Near at Hand When Events Will Occur.

Something over a fortnight more and the harbor will be gay with flags and bunting, the band will play and the wharves, boat-houses and all available space will be crowded with people. Regatta Day, September 18th, will be regarded as a holiday by all, and the time will be devoted entirely to aquatic sports. Following is a list of the events, which are subject to change:

- 1. First-class yacht.
- 2. Four-oared shell.
- 3. Tub race (100 yards).
- 4. Swimming race (100 yards).
- 5. Steamer boats.
- 6. Six-paddle canoe.
- 7. Four-oared sliding seat.
- 8. Tug-of-war for shore boats.
- 9. Second-class yacht.
- 10. Six-oared sliding seat.
- 11. Diving contest.
- 12. Canoe (sailing).
- 13. Five-oared whaleboat.
- 14. Shore boat.
- 15. Six-oared gig.
- 16. Twelve-oared barge.
- 17. Chinese fishing boat.
- 18. Japanese fishing boat.

A day or so ago some of the Healan men, claiming that the Myrtles had the better six-oared sliding-seat barge, the two boats were measured, and no difference was found. They are built on the same plans. This, then, will make the tenth race one of the best of the day and the outcome will not be dependent on the boats, but the men in them.

The championship races will come off at Pearl Harbor on the 11th. The Healanis, Myrtles and Lellanis are entered for both the four-oared shell and the four-oared shell (junior).

STRANGE CRAFT.

Seen by Officers and Passengers of Kinau Yesterday.

Officers and passengers of the steamer Kinau, which arrived from Maui and Hawaii ports yesterday forenoon, report having seen a strange schooner at anchor very close to the island of Lanai while passing that way yesterday morning. She was in a place most unusual for vessels to anchor, and upon her there seemed to be not the slightest trace of life. The Kinau was quite a distance away, but with the glasses Captain Clarke succeeded in making out the fact that she was not a vessel belonging to this port.

Of course, as soon as the news reached here, people immediately concluded that the strange vessel is an opium craft. This is very likely the truth. However, there was a story about on the streets in the afternoon that a policeman who brought a prisoner down from Maui, had made the statement that the strange craft was none other than the schooner Ada after a load of cattle for this port. It turns out that the Ada left for Makana and that port alone, and was never sent to Lanai. So much for the story.

The Robert Lewers Arrives.

The American schooner Robert Lewers, Wm. G. Goodman master, arrived in port Sunday morning with a cargo of lumber for Lewers & Cooke. Following is the report, kindly furnished by Captain Goodman:

Passed Cape Flattery July 31st; had fresh westerly and northwest winds first three days, in which we accomplished a little more than one-fourth of the passage. Since that time we have had very light winds and frequent calms. For several days the vessel made no more than 25 miles, one day making but 14 miles, and only a few days out of the last 25 has she come up to 100 miles; encountered moderate easterly winds and showery weather during the last 24 hours.

On August 5th, in lat. 40 deg. 40 min. N., lon 125 deg. 45 min. W. we fell in with a fleet of vessels all apparently bound to California, and were within a radius of 10 miles. There are as follows: One three-masted and one four-masted ship, one three-masted schooner and one two-masted schooner Anna, and two of Spreckels' brigs.

Off on the Aorangi.

Among the passengers, who left for Vancouver and Victoria on the Aorangi yesterday afternoon were the following:

The Misses Florence and Alice Rickard, who are on their way to school in

Tacoma, Wash. The young ladies will remain for two or three years.

W. Berliowitz, traveling agent of the firm of E. Hoffschlaeger & Co., who goes up on business.

H. E. Watty, wife and child. Mr. Watty goes East to settle up his father's estate.

R. I. Little of the hardware department of Theo. H. Davies & Co., who likewise goes up on business bet.

H. C. Workman, who goes up to the Klondyke after the usual article.

Circuit Court Notes.

Rita Constancia Tewksbury has filed an objection to the seventh annual accounts of the estate of A. G. Cunha, deceased. The objectionable portions are the allowance of 7 per cent commission to the executor and the allowance of the items of her dividend of November, 1896.

The Oahu Lumber Company has filed a motion to have Hee Kin et al. pay into Court all sums of money collected as rent, and the delivery of the contract referred to in the petition, and in the suit which was brought before the Court in March.

Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy always affords prompt relief. For sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The Woollahra will sail in ballast for Humboldt today.

The Ke Au Hou reports fine weather on the island of Kauai.

The C. D. Bryant will sail in ballast for Laysan Island today after another load of fertilizer for H. Hackfeld & Co.

"General quarters" was given aboard the U. S. S. Philadelphia at midnight last night, when every man had to tumble out of his hammock.

It might be interesting to know that the Philadelphia launch came up from Pearl Harbor last Saturday in the excellent time of one hour. The distance is about 12 miles.

The Mikahala reports: Sugar left on Kauai, 9,902 bags; Hanamaulu starts grinding today; a sheep died on the way from Niihau to Waimea; could not communicate with Hanalei.

In Saturday's issue of this paper a statement was made to the effect that the Philadelphia's launch came up from Pearl City in an hour. It seems that she made better time than that, coming up in 47 minutes.

The American schooner Jessie Minor, Whiting master, arrived in port early last evening, 20 days from Eureka. She brought a cargo of lumber for Allen & Robinson. Fine weather was experienced throughout the trip.

The same "mysterious" schooner reported anchored off Diamond Head by the Kaala, has been reported a dozen times or more by that same steamer. Lookout Charley did not get his weather eye on her low, rakish build.

The French Government at Tahiti has granted a subsidy of \$2,000 per annum to the Union Steamship Company for the service from Tahiti to the Paumotu and Marquesas Groups. The steamer Southern Cross will, for the present, be the vessel engaged.

Tom Mason has made a successful fishing trip in the new sloop Jubilee. This is the smallest of the fishing sloops to cross the channel in rough weather. Included in the catch was one enormous olua. The Jubilee left here on Wednesday for Lanai and returned Sunday night.

Ensign McCormack of the U. S. S. Philadelphia has been transferred temporarily to the Bennington as watch and division officer. The latter ship will be short of officers when the surveying detachment is sent to Pearl Harbor this week. It is understood that a detachment of 20 men will be sent down, and that these will be relieved by another party of the same number at the end of two weeks.

The Aorangi arrived in port early yesterday morning and hauled alongside the Pacific Mail wharf. Following is the report kindly furnished by the purser: The R. M. S. Aorangi, Campbell Hepworth, R. N. R., commander, left Sydney on August 7th, and experienced strong head winds to Wellington, N. Z., which was reached on the 13th or August; left against on the 15th, meeting with strong gales, which delayed the progress of the ship 36 hours and arrived at Suva on the 20th; sailed again on the 21st for Honolulu, and en route experienced squally weather.

DIED.

HAWKINS.—In this city, August 29, 1897, Alvin R., son of S. B. Hawkins of Gatesville, Texas, and nephew of Governor Alvin of Tennessee. Los Angeles, Cal., Nashville, Tenn., and Texas papers please copy.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Friday, August 27.

Am. schr. Aloha, Dabel, from San Francisco.

Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, from Oahu and Maui ports.

Stmr. Waialeale, Gregory, from Kauai ports.

Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, from Hawaii and Maui ports.

Am. schr. Robert Lewers, Goodman, from Port Gamble.

Am. schr. Jessie Minor, Whiting, from Eureka.

Monday, August 30.

R. M. S. Aorangi, Hepworth, from the Colonies.

DEPARTURES.

Friday, August 27.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Maui and Hawaii.

Stmr. Kaena, Parker, for Waialua ports.

Monday, August 30.

R. M. S. Aorangi, Hepworth, for Vancouver and Victoria.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. Kaena, Parker, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, for Kauai ports.

Stmr. Waialeale, Gregory, for Lahaina.

Stmr. Mokoli, Bennet, for Molokai, Maui and Lanai.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Hanamaulu, Kilauea, Kilauea and Hanalei.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, for Maui and Hawaii ports, at 10 a. m.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Lahaina, at 10 a. m.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, for Niihau, Koloa, Eleele, Hanapepe, Makawili, Waimea, Kekaha and Niihau, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Helena, Freeman, for Honolulu, Mahukona, Hakalau, Kilauea, Hanomou, Oookala, Pohakunani, Laupahoehoe and Pohoiki, at 4 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr. Kinau, August 27.—Volcano: Dr. Maxwell, W. Currie and wife, Miss M. Harrison, E. H. Wood, Miss Lampman, Mrs. C. B. Smith, Mrs. C. Snow, H. M. Wells, Miss Tanner, Mrs. B. F. Dillingham, Mrs. H. Gunn, Miss M. Dillingham, H. Rycroft, J. H. Sylva, Miss I. Kelley. Way ports: R. L. Auerbach, Wilder Wright, W. Isaacs, Miss S. A. W. J. Gallagher, H. Lemon, F. M. Wakefield, T. R. Keyworth, Wo Hing, Miss Kalei Ewaliko, H. Workman, Miss A. Akamu, T. M. Rowland, A. R. Bindt, Miss A. Malterre, Mrs. M. Malterre, Mrs. W. G. Rowland and two children, Mrs. J. N. Braun and two children, Miss S. Namakawewehi, Miss L. Dixon, Miss E. Akau, Miss L. Nathaniel, R. K. Baptiste, C. McLennan, W. B. Cousin, wife and three children, A. Kaau, George M. Robertson, Jr., Lieutenant Douse, Miss G. Akina, E. Akina, A. Akina, B. Hoppin, Miss Lewis, J. B. Gibson and wife, Dr. E. Armitage, Mrs. M. McCann and three children, Mrs. D. Taylor, Martin Lee, Jr., and 134 deck.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr. Claudine, August 29.—Mrs. Sorenson, Miss M. Sorenson, Miss A. Sorenson, Miss L. Sorenson, Miss Dias, Mrs. I. K. Weir, A. L. Morris, D. B. Murdoch, Mrs. Sturgeon, Miss Sturgeon, P. A. Dias, A. Waterhouse, Miss Lawrence, Miss Boegli, Miss Lisle, Miss Tucker, Miss A. Stratmeyer, Mrs. E. B. Carley and child, M. J. Soares, J. Vincent, Mrs. Weed, Master Halstead, Miss E. Akano, Mrs. Tucker, Master Charles Gunn, Kirby Tucker, Miss H. Sorenson, Mrs. E. Norris, child and servant, Miss Ivy Richardson, Miss Alice Gay, Miss Ethel Gay, the Misses Gay, Masters Gay, Vivian Richardson, Master Hedemann, Master Bolte, C. E. King, J. K. Josepha, Ah Tax, Awana, H. Giles, wife and son, A. L. Ahlo, C. Purdy, Miss J. Nell, Mrs. Dumas, Miss Lloyd, Look Monk Wah and child, H. Streubeck, wife and daughter, W. Vida, J. S. McCandless, Mrs. Hose and child, Master J. Hose, Miss L. Kahai, Miss L. Kaukau, Mrs. John Amashu, D. H. Kahaulelo, A. F. Judd, Jr., J. R. Judd.

From the Colonies, per R. M. S. Aorangi, August 30.—Lady Titchborne, Mrs. Merlin, Miss Tidmarsh and Edge Partington, whilst there are 68 passengers in transit for Canada and Europe.

Departures.

For Maui and Hawaii, per stmr. Mauna Loa, August 27.—Volcano: B. M. Newcomb, Miss H. E. Ankeny and Dr. G. Thilenius. Way ports: Dr. Kramer, Thomas May, J. K. Kealalo, W. O. Crowell, Mrs. McKay, Miss Doherty, Miss M. Doherty, Mrs. Mulneyn, Mrs. Pringle, Mrs. J. Hiram and children, Miss Olive Steel, Mr. Stoddart, J. F. O'Connors, Miss Lizzie McCormick, Mr. Pepper, Miss Kammer, Miss Ida Horner, Miss Abbie Guernsey, W. H. Cornwell, L. M. Vettesen, M. B. McFarlane, Dr. Kasornatsu and Mrs. A. C. Pestano.

Mr. Brook, Mr. Brewster, A. W. Judd, H. P. Judd, Kaanaana, Miss Duncan and 41 on deck.

From Kauai ports, per stmr. Mikahala, August 29.—Anton Cropp, S. Kaao, C. Ah Wai, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rice and family, M. Hoonani, Ah Nam, Miss J. King, W. K. Nalpo, G. King, Mrs. Wolfenger, Miss May Hart, Mr. and Mrs. Max Schlemmer and children, Mr. and Mrs. Turner, H. Hedemann, S. W. Meheula, Miss F. Smith, Miss E. T. Fook, Miss Bompke, Miss Jones, Chuck Hoy and 61 on deck.

From Kauai, per stmr. James Makee, August 28.—A. Wilder, L. McCandless and one on deck.

From Maui, Lanai and Molokai, per stmr. Mokoli, August 28.—J. F. Brown, Mrs. J. Gilman, Mrs. Gilbert, F. Foster and seven on deck.

From Kauai, per stmr. Ke Au Hou, August 28.—T. H. Gibson, wife, three children and 12 on deck.

From Hawaii, per stmr. Noeau, August 28.—E. A. Mott-Smith, Mrs. Paty, Miss Paty, Miss J. B. Massey, Miss E. Rickard and 18 on deck.

From Eureka, per schr. Jessie Minor August 29.—Mr. Ingersoll.

For Vancouver and Victoria, per R. M. S. Aorangi, Aug 30.—Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Watty and child R. L. Le E. V. Morgan, A. C. Coolidge, H. C. Workman, Miss Florence, Richard, Miss Alice Rickard, Chas. F. Perry.

David Colville, Lew Hook Hem, W. Brilowitz, J. Burgoyne.

IMPORTS.

From San Francisco, per schr. Aloha, August 27.—1,020 lbs. tea, 224,665 lbs. barley, 103,658 lbs. bran, 8,071 lbs. corn, 320 bales hay, 265 cs. canned goods, 2,800 lbs. butter, 1,350 lbs. flour, 12 cs. and 80 bbls. salmon, 14,100 lbs. lard, 127 cts. wheat, 25 cs. groceries and provisions, 47,023 lbs. oats, 114 lbs. bags, 213,699 lbs. rolled barley, 87-113 lbs. middlings, 50 cs. soap, 1,800 lbs. tinplate, 375 steel plates, 1,360 gals. wine, 36 cs. hardware, 728 gals. and 187 casks beer, 7,625 lbs. bread, 150 lbs. white lead, 1,556 gals. oil, 25 cs. whisky, 5,000 lbs. oleomargarine, 2 cs. manufactured tobacco, 57 cs. boots and shoes, 73 pkgs. dry goods, 2,259 lbs. beans, 2,125 lbs. meal, 300 bbls lime, 13 cs. hats and caps, 300 cs. coal oil and 2,972 posts. Value, \$58,419.

From Eureka, per schr. Jessie Minor, August 29.—272,156 feet lumber for Allen & Robinson, and 208 hogs.

From Port Gamble, per schr. Robert Lewers, August 29.—\$91,517 feet lumber, 2,835 pickets, 3,000 laths, 217,500 cedar shingles and 14 packages of personal effects.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.

DATE	BAROM.	TEMP.	WIND	MOON
Aug. 31	30.00	72.80	ENE	8.00
Aug. 30	30.00	72.80	ENE	8.00
Aug. 29	30.00	72.80	ENE	8.00
Aug. 28	30.00	72.80	ENE	8.00
Aug. 27	30.00	72.80	ENE	8.00

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

DATE	High Tide	Low Tide	Sun Rise	Sun Set	Moon Set
Aug. 31	5:12 a.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:43 a.m.	6:17 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Aug. 30	5:12 a.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:43 a.m.	6:17 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Aug. 29	5:12 a.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:43 a.m.	6:17 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Aug. 28	5:12 a.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:43 a.m.	6:17 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Aug. 27	5:12 a.m.	5:00 p.m.	5:43 a.m.	6:17 p.m.	8:00 p.m.

First quarter of moon Sept. 8, at 0h. 43m. p. m.

The times and moon phases are given in standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting being given for all ports in the group are in local time, to which the respective corrections to standard time applicable to each different port should be made.

The Standard time whistle sounds at 12. 0m. 0s. (midnight), Greenwich time, which is 1h. 30m. p. m. of Hawaiian Standard time.

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

Steamships will leave for and arrive from San Francisco or Vancouver on or about the following dates in 1897:

ARRIVE

LEAVE

From San Francisco or Vancouver

Coptic ... Sept. 9 Warrimoo Sept. 3

Australia ... Sept. 14 Gaelic ... Sept. 4

Mariposa ... Sept. 23 Peking ... Sept. 14

Aorangi ... Sept. 23 Moana ... Sept. 16

Warrimoo ... Sept. 28 Australia ... Sept. 22

Gaelic ... Sept. 28 Doric ... Sept. 24

Peking ... Oct. 9 Miowera ... Oct. 1

Australia ... Oct. 12 Belgic ... Oct. 12

Moana ... Oct. 21 Alameda ... Oct. 14

Miowera ... Oct. 26 Australia ... Oct. 20

China ... Oct. 28 Peru ... Oct. 22

Belgic ... Nov. 6 Aorangi ... Oct. 29

Australia ... Nov. 9 R. Janeiro ... Nov. 9

Alameda ... Nov. 18 Mariposa ... Nov. 11

Aorangi ... Nov. 25 Australia ... Nov. 17

Coptic ... Nov. 25 Gaelic ... Nov. 19

R. Janeiro ... Dec. 4 Warrimoo ... Nov. 26

Australia ... Dec. 7 Moana ... Dec. 9

Mariposa ... Dec. 16 Doric ... Dec. 10

Warrimoo ... Dec. 21 Australia ... Dec. 15

Peking ... Dec. 25 China ... Dec. 19

Miowera ... Dec. 24

A Rare Chance

—TO SECURE A—

Hawaiian Coffee Plantation

With About 200 Acres of Coffee Trees Growing.

The well-known estate of the Hawaiian Tea and Coffee Company, located at Kailua, Kona, Hawaii, is now offered for sale, and furnishes a rare opportunity for investment in the coffee industry.

This estate is located on the public highway, seven miles from the port of Kailua, Hawaii, with which it is connected by a good road. The estate comprises 300 acres of land in fee simple, and 500 acres under lease for various terms of years.

Two hundred (200) acres are already planted with coffee trees, from one to four years old.

The buildings include manager's and overseers' houses, mill and machinery buildings, tea house, laborers' houses, etc., etc. In addition, there is the usual supply of tools, etc.

This is probably the best opportunity that has been or will soon be offered for any capitalist who wishes to engage in coffee planting, as much of the rough preparatory work is finished, and the estate only needs judicious management, with ample means to carry it on till the crops come in. The crop of this estate for the year 1899 ought to be from 1000 to 1200 bags of coffee, and increasing rapidly each year thereafter.

For further particulars apply to the agents, F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., 1893-61 Honolulu.

NOTICE.

The Maui Fishing Company will hold a meeting at the office of Mr. Young Hee, at Wailuku, Maui, on the sixth day of September, 1897, A. D., for the election of officers for the ensuing year. Per order of YOUNG HEE, 1892-td Secretary.

BY AUTHORITY.

JOHN W. NEAL, ESQ., has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the Fifth Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior.

Interior Office, August 31, 1897. 1894-3t

SATURDAY, September 18, 1897, being a National Holiday, all Government offices throughout the Republic of Hawaii will be closed on that day.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior.

Interior Office, August 31, 1897. 1894-3t

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

LEASE AND SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS IN PUNA AND SOUTH KONA, HAWAII.

ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1897, at front entrance of Judiciary Building, 12 o'clock noon, will be sold at Public Auction, two lots in Kehena, Puna, containing 64 3-10 acres and 6 9-10 acres, respectively.

Upset price: \$192.90 and \$20.70. Terms: Cash, in United States gold.

At the same time and place will be sold the lease of Ahupuaa of Kaula-mauna, South Kona, containing 3,400 acres, more or less.

Term: 21 years. Upset rental: \$50 per annum, payable annually in advance.

The Government reserves the right to take up any portions of this land for purposes of Land Act without reduction of rent.

For further particulars, apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu, or of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands.

Dated, August 23, 1897. 1893-td

SEALED TENDERS.

Will be received at the office of the Minister of the Interior till 12 o'clock noon of MONDAY, September 20, 1897, for the construction of Road from Mahukona to the Waimea Road, Hawaii.

Plans and specifications at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works and at Kohala Post Office.

The Minister does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any bid.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior.

Interior Office, August 25, 1897. 1893-3t

MR. HENELI PEELUA has this day been appointed an Agent to Grant Marriage Licenses for the District of Molokai, Island of Molokai.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior.

Interior Office, August 24, 1897. 1893-3t

JOHN BUSH, ESQ., has this day been appointed an Agent to Take Acknowledgments to Labor